Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 24. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1896. N. 72.

Look Again, it Is Important!

There are a great many people who want to buy articles in Jewellery, Silverware or Novelties, that we carry in stock for Xmas presents, and keep putting it off until the last few days. Why not come now, pick out what you want while our stock is large and well assorted, and have it put away until you want it? We have more time to show you what we have, and you have more time to select it; then it is done up nicely and laid away until you want it. Come and see what we have, and if we can suit you pay a little on it and have it put away for you.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.

THE JEWELLERS, *47 GOVERNMENT STREET.*

"PIN YOUR FAITH" —TO— TAMILKANDE TEA

This brand is a blend of CEYLON, DARJEELING and BREAKFAST CONGOU—the choice growth of three countries

TRY IT AND TELL YOUR FRIENDS.

AT ALL GROCERS.

And You Will Not Be . . . . Disappointed.

Tamilkande Tea Co., MONTREAL.

Simon Leiser & Co. Agents, - - Victoria.

A Fish Story

is often interesting enough, but owing to its proverbial inaccuracy looses its charm.

The following statements are not flavored after this fashion—you'll find them facts—come and see.

For 90c. a yard—54-in. Scotch Tweeds, in all the new mixings, worth $1.50.

44-inch Fancy Suitings (mohair effects) look worth double—all colors, at 35c.

$1.00 buys 8 yards extra heavy (Canada) Flannel, twilled or plain—for a few days---only 25 pieces.

Flannelette Underwear---complete assortment---new styles, made of best quality only---prices find friendly buyers.

Again---WATERPROOFS and UMBRELLAS---best value in the city.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

Washed Out and Snow-bound

The railroads are, but we are ready to fill your orders for Mince Meat, Plum Pudding and Thanksgiving Delicacies.

Russet Apples, 7 lbs	25c
Hard Cider	25c
Candied Peel	20c
Raisins, 3 lbs	25c
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs	25c
Jordan Almonds	
New Figs	15c

Brandy, Rum and Sherry for your Sauce.

Just take a look at us. Thursday next we close. Get your orders in early.

Dixi H. Ross & Co. Government St.

= All Wool = Underwear.

from $1.00 per suit all sizes—to $12 per suit (Morley's) at . . .

GEO. R. JACKSON'S,

57 Government Street.

B. C. MINING STOCKS.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS:

Alberni Consolidated	31	Ivanhoe	10
Alberta	10	International	01½
B.-C. Gold Fields Co	15	Josie	61
Butte	03½	Josie Mac	10
Caledonia Cons	10½	Lily May	15
Carl, Camp McKinney	46	Mayflower	15
Channe	20	Morning Star	13
Celtic Queen (400 6½)	10	Monita	05
Colonna	17½	Mugwump	15½
Commander	25	Monte Cristo	18
Deer Park	18	Nest Egg	10½
Delacola	04½	Novelty	17½
Eagle	15	N.K.	34
Eric	19	Old Ironsides	14
Enterprise	20	Poorman	09½
Eureka Cons (3'00 6½)	17	Red Mountain View	13
Evening Star	22	St. Elmo	17½
Good Hope, 2,000 at	05½	San Joaquin	05½
Great Western	18½	Virginia	24
Gibson (near Kaslo)	30	Vulcan	02
Hattie B own	10	War Eagle	1 65
Rossland Homestake	17	West Le Roi & Josie	45
Iron Mask	65	Wonderful	19
Iron Queen	02½	Cedar (Slocan)	07½

1,000 Star M. & M. Co. (Rabbit Paw) 9c.

British Canadian Gold Fields Company, Ltd.,

41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT!—Grand masquerade ball, in Alhambra hall, corner Yates and Government streets. Four elegant prizes given away. 2 for the best dressed and 2 for the most comical. Gents 50c, ladies 25c.

BALTIMORE OYSTERS in bulk, 75 cents per quart (solid meat) at Beauchamp's, Fort st.

$10 REWARD will be given for information which will lead to the conviction of any person breaking windows or otherwise damaging property of which I am the agent. Beaumont Boggs, 28 Broad street. no24 3t

CHRYSANTHEMUMS! Two houses full! J. T. Higgins, Cadboro Bay road. Cars to door. no24 6t

DON'T fail to hear the Mandolin Orchestra at Royal Templars' Concert, Sir William Wallace Hall, 28 Broad street, to-night. Admission 25c; Children 10c. no24 1t

FOUND—Small black bag, containing purse. Apply Procter's Grocery, 134 Yates street. no24 2t

WANTED—Girl for light housework and to tend children; youngest three years; wages $12. Apply at this office. no24 1t

WANTED—A housekeeper; a comfortable home is offered to a good woman for care of a little girl four years old. Address "Alpha," Times office. no23 2t

COAL—$5 per ton, delivered; weight guaranteed. Munn, Holland & Co., 26½ Broad street.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Driard.

NOTICE

All Canadian Policies, old or new, issued by

The Mutual Life Insurance Co'y OF NEW YORK,

will be made payable in Canadian currency at the request of the insured.

HEISTERMAN & CO., Agents.

AUCTION

..ON..

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27th, at 2 o'clock.

I am instructed by Mr. H. S. Brenen, to sell without reserve at his residence, *Esquimalt Road, corner of James St., Victoria West,*

Furniture and Effects

Including Massive B.W. Bed Set, with Marble Slabs, Ash Bed set, Spring Felge and other Mattresses, Dining Table, Chairs, Rockers, SINGER SEWING MACHINE, Centre Table, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Poles, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Churn, Pictures, Lamps, etc., VERY FINE JUBILEE RANGE, and a host of other articles.

W. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer.

ATTEMPTED BRIBERY

In Connection With the Libel Suit Against Lady Scott.

London, Nov. 24.—When the trial of Lady Selina Scott, John Corcerlon, engineer; Frederick Kask, groom, and W. Aylott, valet, charged by Earl Russell with criminal libel, was resumed at the Old Bailey this morning, Justice Hawkins announced that a scandalous attempt had been made to tamper with the jury by means of an anonymous letter to the foreman. The justice added that he hoped to discover the writer, who, if found, would have cause to regret his action. Earl Russell was the first witness to-day and emphatically denied the allegations of misconduct.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.

—The finest line of table linens, napkins, etc., is to be seen at Weller Bros.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—'Changes' for standing advertisements must be handed in at the office before 11 a.m. of the day the 'Change' is desired to appear.

CASE OF THE TIBER.

Owners of the Vessel Ask the Marine Department to Investigate.

Filibustering Steamer Said to be Taking on Ammunition at Halifax.

Ottawa, Nov. 24. (Special).—The minister of marine has been asked by the owners of the steamship Tiber, which ran down the schooner Maggie off the coast of Newfoundland, to institute a marine investigation into the cause of the collision. The charge against Captain Delisle, who was in charge of the Tiber is now before the courts at Montreal. Hon. Mr. Davies in his reply told the owners that Captain Delisle was being tried under the fugitive offenders act and it would require an order of the superior court or Governor-General for intervention. The minister therefore declines to interfere with the administration of justice by ordering an inquiry.

The minister of marine was advised to-day that the steamer Bermuda, the filibusterer, was reported to be at Halifax taking on arms and ammunition for Cuba. The report came through the Spanish consul. The minister has notified officials at Halifax to look into the matter.

Lieut.-Governor Fraser, of New Brunswick, died this afternoon at Genoa while there for his health.

COBDEN CLUB.

Report Presented at the Annual Meeting This Morning.

London, Nov. 24.—The annual meeting of the Cobden Club took place this morning, Lord Farrer presiding. The committee's report for 1895-6 was read. It speaks of the tendency of the Conservatives in the direction of protection and the need of increased zeal upon the part of the Cobdenites. Continuing, the report quotes Canadian and other colonial statesmen against the plan of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, for the establishment of an Imperial zollverein and denounces the cattle bill of last session as a measure of protection. It regards the Canadian election as most encouraging to free traders and expresses the hope that the circumstances under which the battle was fought in the United States "will avert injury to international trade which might otherwise have been expected from the election of McKinley."

NOT MUCH TO PAY.

What Great Britain Wins by Venezuelan Settlement.

Berlin, Nov. 24.—The Fremdenblatt discussing the settlement of the Venezuelan question, says: "Lord Salisbury acted cleverly in directing the policy of Great Britain to again bring about friendly relations with the United States. His consent to always submit certain disputes of two Anglo-Saxon nations to arbitration, emphasises a sentiment of kinship. Therein lies the sagacity of the British action. Great Britain does not wish to have an enemy in the United States and the price she pays therefor is not great."

GOLD CURE MAN.

Arrested in Montreal for Obtaining Money Under False Pretences.

Montreal, Nov. 24.—"Father" George W. Murphy, a supposed American priest and a great gold cure apostle, who had an institute here, has been arrested for obtaining $5,000 under false pretenses from a Toronto man to whom he pretended that Archbishop Corrigan and Bishop Wiggen, of New York had asked and authorized him to found a gold cure institute in this diocese.

DYNAMITED A TRAIN.

Passenger Train Also Fired Upon by the Cubans.

New York, Nov. 24.—The insurgents have dynamited an exploring train near Cardenas, province of Matanzas, derailing the engine, upsetting and burning the cars. A passenger train which followed was fired upon and though the passengers threw themselves on the floor, a lady, five gendarmes and the fireman were wounded.

COLUMBIA-WESTERN

Tenders Called for the Construction of the Trail Penticton Railway.

Some of the Recent Strikes That Have Been Made in Kootenay.

Nelson and Fort Sheppard Company Put Their Additions on the Market.

Rossland, B. C. Nov. 24.—The Columbia and Western Railway Company has advertised for bids for the construction, of a narrow or a standard guage line from Trail to Penticton, the section from Trail to Robson to be complete and in operation in ninety days. In case the tenders for the standard gauge road are accepted the present road from Trail to Rossland will be standardized.

The Red Eagle claim in the South Belt, adjoining the Mayflower has surprised everybody with an assay of $99 in gold. It is not expected that there is much of this grade of ore, but all assays to date from surface workings have run over $50. The last few shifts of work on the California has greatly improved the showing in the main tunnel, the whole face of which is now in $18 ore. The Mascot, belonging to the Big Three Company, is also looking up. Assays from a new shaft yesterday went $48. The Palo Alto shaft now shows ten inches of high grade ore, the rest of the shaft averaging $8 per ton. This satisfies everyone here that the Palo Alto will make a mine.

A claim called the Norway half a mile below the Trail smelter on the bank of the Columbia river, has been bought by A. S. Goodeye and others for $16,000 cash. A tunnel is in about 50 feet and shows about two feet of fine milling ore, averaging over $50 per ton.

The Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company's additions to the townsite of Rossland were put on the market this morning.

CABLE FROM LONDON

Line of Steamships to Run Between Calais and New Orleans.

Italian Immigration to South America is on the Increase.

London, Nov. 24.—The failure is announced of Webster & Bennie, warehousemen. Liabilities are estimated at £180,000, assets £120,000.

The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon publishes a dispatch from Calais, France, saying that plans are being arranged to establish a line of steamships to run between New Orleans and Calais to carry grain, cotton and general merchandise.

Italian immigration to South America is increasing. On Saturday and Sunday 3,000 persons started for La Plaza, and 150 for the United States, while 3,000 start for Argentine Republic this week.

La Paix, of Paris, announces that the text of the treaty signed at Paris by President Faure and the Czar will be published shortly.

The death of General Riva Palaccio, the Mexican minister to Spain, is announced from Madrid. He had been sick for some time past and died at his residence there yesterday.

At the election of a member of the chamber of deputies for Bordeaux the Socialist candidate, M. Farrel, defeated M. De Crais, formerly ambassador to Vienna, but M. Farrel died suddenly while the poll was being declared.

The Hamburger Nachrichten, Bismarck's organ, flatly accuses England of trying to kindle a European blaze under the pretext of helping the Armenians. The Nachrichten says further that Europe, with inconceivable blindness, is playing into England's hands, and warns Germany not to be allured by the dangerous adventure.

Mr. Thomas F. Bayard, United States ambassador, and Mrs. Bayard, were commanded to-day to visit Windsor Castle on Thursday next to dine with the Queen. Mr. and Mrs. Bayard will also sleep at the castle that night and Mr. Bayard in consequence has been obliged to cancel his engagement to preside at the Thanksgiving dinner of the American colony here.

A dispatch from Cork says: "The Most Rev. Wm. Fitzgerald, D. D., the Roman Catholic bishop at Ross, died suddenly yesterday. He was consecrated Nov. 11, 1871.

CATTLE SHOW

New York's Annual Exhibition at Madison Square Garden.

New York, Nov. 24.—The cattle show opened at Madison Square Gardens yesterday and exceeds in point of interest any of its predecessors, as it gives an accurate idea of the extent and importance of the cattle interests of the United States.

WEYLER WAS AFRAID

That, Say the Cubans, is Why He Returned to Havana so Soon.

He on the Other Hand, Says It is Too Hot and Unhealthy to Do Any Fighting.

Second Trial of Mellon and the Competitor Crew is About Completed.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 23.—A special this morning to the World says: "A cipher cablegram from Havana to-night to the Cuban leader here says General Weyler has been forced to return to Havana and the city is in great confusion. Weyler gives no excuse, it is said, except that it is too hot and unhealthy to do any fighting. It is openly asserted in Havana that Weyler became frightened because Maceo set a price upon his head or capture. Weyler's scouts also informed him that Maceo might make an attempt on Havana and the Spanish general retreated in hot haste to the protection of his palace." It is also stated in the cablegram that Weyler's recall is assured now as the Spanish government is incensed against him for dilatory tactics. The Cubans here are jubilant, for they think this will have a favorable effect upon the United States Congress.

A dispatch to the World from Havana, Nov. 20, via Barton, Fla., Nov. 23, says: "The Competitor prisoners have been tried by court martial in the fortress La Cabana in spite of Consul General Lee's official protest, filed just before he left Havana. The exception taken by the prisoners was overruled by the naval courts. General Lee's note was pigeon-holed and the officials here defied Secretary Olney's intimation of disapproval. The Competitor crew and Mr. Mellon, the American newspaper correspondent have again been tried by a drumhead court within the walls of a Spanish fortress, where, according to Captain General Weyler's orders, no representative of the United States consulate may enter. The prisoners were not allowed either an interpreter or a counsel. Those partly acquainted with Spanish were compelled to interpret for the others. So quietly was the affair conducted that Acting Consul General Springer does not yet know the case was verbally closed on November 14, on which day Melon, Maza, Dr. Vedia and witness George Perran, were forced by the naval Judge Fermandez to sign statements admittin their complicity in the filibustering expedition which the Competitor is alleged to have brought under Monzon and Laborde to the Pinar del Rio coast. This written evidence is now under consideration by the court. Judge Saul said the decision may now be rendered any moment. It is expected that all the members of the party, whose American citizenship has not been clearly proved will be shot.

New York, Nov. 24.—Captain-General Weyler's statement that he will wait until after Christmas before he strikes the death blow at the insurgents is regarded by the Cubans here as an admission that he can do nothing against the insurgents in their present invulnerable position. "It is certainly a showing of weakness," said Delegate Palma, "and explains his return to Havana." Weyler has been commanded by the Spanish government to take the field and wipe out the last vestiges of the rebellion. His return, discomfited and unsuccessful, is not only indicative of defeat, but an indication that he may be recalled.

SEVERAL LIVES LOST.

And Serious Damage Done in Cowlitz Valley, Wash.

Chehalis, Wash., Nov. 23.—Additional particulars of the flood on the upper Cowlitz valley and the eastern end of this county came in yesterday, but they are still meagre, and probably give but a faint idea of the great losses that have been sustained. A letter to L. A. Davis from his wife at Cora, states that great damage has been done in that vicinity. It states that the mail carrier has just informed her that A. L. Brown, his wife and his 20-year-old daughter were drowned in the Cowlitz. It also states that his house and barn were swept away, and the conclusion is that the family were seated in their home when the flood burst upon it, and swept it and them away.

Mr. Siler, a well-to-do farmer, lost a valuable team, and all his live stock. The flood has swept away houses, barns, fences and stock for many miles along the course of the river, and destroyed many promising orchards.

The report that the wife and five children of John Shumaker, farmer, had been drowned, is not confirmed. Shumaker, when found, was exhausted and demented, and he died yesterday from exposure.

ARRESTED BY BOERS.

Staff of Johannesburg Critic Arrested and Subsequently Discharged.

London, Nov. 24.—Mr. Hess, proprietor of the Johannesburg Critic, received a dispatch saying the whole staff of that paper had been arrested by the Boer authorities under the provisions of the new press law.

Johannesburg, Nov. 24.—The prosecution in the case of the staff of the Johannesburg Critic, arrested under the provisions of the new press law, failed to establish the charges and the prisoners were discharged.

A CIVIC AUTOCRACY

Mayor Beaven is Charged With Disregarding a Resolution Passed by Council.

And With Refusing to Pay Corporation Laborers Weekly as Desired by the Aldermen.

The Mayor Replies That He Alone Directs the Management of Corporation Business.

Mayor Beaven and the aldermen had a very animated discussion at last evening's meeting of the city council, the mayor being on one side and the aldermen on the other. Some very plain talk was indulged in by the aldermen, some even going so far as to hint that the mayor was arbitrary and neglected to carry out the express wishes of the majority of the council. The trouble arose about the payment of the men at the waterworks. The council decided last week that the men should be paid weekly, and on Friday. Mayor Beaven assumed that he alone had the right to regulate such matters and did not inform the treasurer of the desire of the council. Hence the dispute.

Owing to the conference with the good roads committee the council did not meet until 8:15. The mayor presided and all the members of the council with the exception of Ald. Tiarks were present.

Drake, Jackson & Helmcken acknowledged the receipt of the city's letter re the drainage of the M'Tavish property. This communication was received and filed.

Ian Coltart, manager of the Province Publishing Company, complained that the Province newspaper did not secure a fair share of the city's advertising.

Ald. Glover—I thought that was what was troubling the Province the whole time.

Ald. Marchant moved that Mr. Coltart's communication be referred to the printing committee to report. If possible the printing should be equitably distributed.

Ald. Cameron seconded the motion. He would also like to see the committee enquire into the matter of distributing the advertising for the year equally between the two daily papers.

Ald. Humphrey stated that the printing committee could advertise in a weekly if they chose. Last year the committee gave some unimportant by-laws to the Province. It didn't matter whether any one saw them (the by-laws) or not (laughter). The same kind of by-laws could be given again to the Province. (Renewed laughter.)

Ald. Marchant's resolution was then carried.

The finance committee recommended that accounts amounting to $3,799.35 be paid out of the current revenue.

Ald. Marchant in moving the adoption of this report, asked for certain information. The finance committee some time ago recommended that the men employed at Elk Lake be paid weekly, on Friday, and at the works. Ald. Marchant had met some of the men on the street and they informed him that they had not been so paid. Ald. Marchant made inquiries of the water commissioner and auditor, who informed him that he had received no instructions to pay the men. Further inquiries of the city treasurer elicited the same information.

Mayor Beaven—In the first place the alderman should be aware that instructions of that character come from the mayor and not from the aldermen. The men came to the city on Saturday because they could not work. They asked to be paid and he gave instructions to pay them. He did not consider that the general interests of the ratepayers would be affected by paying the men weekly, and they would probably be so paid.

Ald. Marchant—I am much obliged to you for the information Mr. Mayor. Permit me to say, however, that it is the most unsatisfactory I ever heard in my life. The finance committee's report dealing with this matter was presented and adopted by the council without a single objection being raised.

Ald. Marchant continuing, stated that while he disliked questioning the mayor's statement, he considered that if he (the mayor) had such power it was most peculiar. He did not consider the mayor had the right to override a resolution passed unanimously by the council when such resolution does not in any way endanger public interest. Personally he considered it a gross dereliction of duty on the part of the mayor not to carry out the unanimous wish of the council. No language of his could describe his indignation when he learned that the express wish of the council had not been carried out. The council's resolution was that the men should be paid weekly instead of monthly. Was there anything in the statutes to forbid such a course? If there is what is the use for the existence of a council or for its meeting at all? The action of the mayor was a gross interference with the power of the council.

Mayor Beaven—I don't know what there is to be vexed about; the men have received their money.

Ald. Macmillan—Is the resolution of the council to be carried out?

The Mayor—Well, the men said they wanted the money, and in all probability they will be paid.

Ald. Glover—If the unanimous resolution of the council is not going to be acted upon what is the use of the council doing anything? I think you exceeded your authority Mr. Mayor.

Ald. Cameron wished to protest against the mayor's action in plain language. The mayor was asked for his authority for his conduct, and instead of giving that authority he makes an assertion. All the council were in favor of paying the men weekly. They had so decided, and the mayor showed no good reason why the council's resolution should not be carried out. It was a case of one man's opinion against that of nine. The majority should rule, and the mayor's conduct justified the council in doing something stronger than voicing a mere expression of opinion. He was told that aldermen were mere puppets, that it was simply a one-man power, and he did not like such expressions, but the mayor's action justified them.

Ald. Humphrey—

The Mayor—Of course all this discussion is out of order.

Ald. Humphrey—I think you were first out of order when you refused to carry out the wishes of the council. I would like to hear in plain terms your authority for refusing to do so.

The Mayor—I'll do that if that will satisfy you. I refer you to section XI of the Municipal Clauses Act. Now what is your pleasure with the finance committee's report?

Ald. Partridge—I am surprised to learn that the resolution of the council had not been acted upon.

Ald. Cameron—I thought you were going to quote some authority Mr. Mayor.

The Mayor—Section XI.

Ald. Marchant—I don't see a line there covering this point.

Ald. Macmillan—I would like to hear the clause read.

The city clerk then read the clause, which occupies a full page.

Ald. Macmillan—I would like the mayor to point out the particular section of this clause covering the point.

The Mayor—You ought to follow the reading of the clause.

Ald. Wislon—We want to know if the men are to be paid next Friday?

The Mayor—I have not made up my mind yet, but in all probability they will.

Ald. Glover—That is if the mayor sees fit.

Ald. Macmillan would refuse to vote for an appropriation until this matter is settled.

The Mayor—You can vote for what you like.

The resolution was then put, and as its object was to authorize the payment of the expenses for the past month, the majority of the aldermen voted for it.

The Mayor—Aldermen who have been two years in the council ought to know their power by this time.

The mayor evidently intended this as a parting shot, but he was mistaken. It only brought Ald. Marchant to his feet, and he moved that the council do now adjourn.

Ald. Marchant did so for the purpose of refuting the insinuation of the mayor. He did know something about the duties of aldermen. He knew something about the powers of the mayor, and he intended to try to restrict the mayor to the power given to that official by the statutes. The mayor referred them to section XI of the Municipal Clauses Act. Ald. Marchant presumed that the particular clause of that section to which the mayor referred was that which stated that the mayor had authority "to direct the method of management of the corporation business." This was his authority for not paying the men on Friday as authorized by the council. It was common practice for men to be paid weekly. The men employed at the waterworks needed the money weekly. Every member of the council was in favor of the men being paid weekly, and now the mayor tells them that they will be so paid if he sees fit. Was it not the duty of the aldermen to protest against such conduct as that? The mayor's conduct brought constitutional government into contempt. He (the mayor) was always ready to insert a clause in private contracts compelling contractors to pay weekly, but now when the city is employing men the same mayor steps in and says the council has not the power to say that corporation workmen shall be paid weekly. Ald. Marchant did not believe that a legal gentleman could be found in the city who would say that the council had not such power.

Ald. Partridge said that the whole thing in a nutshell amounted to this: The aldermen unanimously decided that the men should be paid weekly, they wanted definite assurance from the mayor that they would be so paid.

Ald. Macmillan refused to any longer bow in humble submission to the arbitrary rulings of the mayor. It was most trying for a man of any spirit to contain himself for nearly a year and see decisions of the council set at naught by the man who presided over them. If the mayor was to assume full control and run all civic matters as he saw fit, the aldermen might just as well go home.

Ald. Humphrey pointed out that the mayor only said that it was probable that the men would be paid weekly. The alderman wanted the unanimous resolution of the council carried out. He did not want to leave it to the mayor.

Ald. Cameron did not think that adjourning would be a remedy for this matter. He was in favor of deciding it now. The majority of the council should rule. If not he would resign.

Ald. Wilson considered that they had better go on with the business and settle the matter afterwards.

The motion to adjourn was then put and declared lost. Aldermen Humphrey and Macmillan then left the council chamber.

The home committee recommended the admission of Wm. Fairbairn to the Old Men's home. The report was adopted.

The park committee asked for permission to sell one of the bears.

"Why does the committee want to sell the bear?" (laughter) asked Ald. Cameron.

No one replied.

"Ald. Glover," said the mayor, "can you inform us why the committee wants to sell one of the bears in the bear pit at Beacon Hill park?"

"The bear we have reference to," answered Ald. Glover, amid laughter, "has not been behaving himself lately—he has been a little vicious and he might hurt the others." The report was then unanimously adopted.

Two tenders for the removal of the garbage were read. One from Swhnertoy & Oddy, agents for the tug Sadie, at the same price as in the present contract and the other from C. J. Piper, was not accompanied by the necessary check. The tenders were filed and the present contract will continue until the end of the year.

Ald. Williams moved and Ald. Wilson seconded that the council respectfully direct the attention of the honorable minister of public works to Mr. Sorby's plans for improving the harbor. The motion carried.

Aldermen Marchant and Glover then left the council chamber and the mayor declared an adjournment for want of a quorum.

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:

"In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

A Sore

two inches across formed and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. BLAKE, So. Berwick, Me.

This and other similar cures prove the

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

WORLD'S WHEAT MARKET.

Conference of Nations Desired by Some of the Powers.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The Post this morning says: A conference of nations on the subject of the world's wheat market is understood to be desired by at least one of the great foreign wheat growing empires. It is stated in official circles here that Russia is particularly friendly to such an idea, and is believed to be making overtures not only to the United States, but to England, the Argentine Republic and Austria, which are the principal wheat growing nations of the world.

The idea suggested, as outlined here, is that these nations, should they see fit to unite in an agreement upon the subject, could fix the price of wheat to be maintained uniformly through various seasons of overproduction and unsatisfactory crops caused by drouth or continual rain, and thus make the principal grain staple upon which the millions of consumers depend for food as unchangeable in value as gold itself has become. This would enable the producer, in the event of an unusually large crop, to store his wheat and obtain thereon a loan that would tide him over until the wheat was in demand in the world's markets, when he would receive a full and fair price for it.

Mrs. Chas. Smith, of Jimes, Ohio, writes: I have used every remedy for sick headache I could hear of for the past fifteen years, but Carter's Little Liver Pills did me more good than all the rest.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.*

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS—'Changes' for standing advertisements must be handed in at the office before 11 a.m. of the day the 'Change' is desired to appear.

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

Mortgagees' Sale.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until the 19th day of December next for the purchase of all that parcel or lot of land situate in Thetis Island, Cowichan District, said to contain 216 (two hundred and sixteen) acres, more or less, and known on the official map of the said Thetis Island, Cowichan District, as Lots 11 (eleven), 12 (twelve) and 13 (thirteen) Mortgage registered in Charge Book, Vol. 13, Fol. 215, No. 16,584 B.

DUMBLETON & INNES,
no19 Solicitors for Mortgagees.

NOTICE.

Mortgagees' Sale.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until the nineteenth day of December next for the purchase of all that and three four Town lots situate in Courtenay Townsite, District of Comox, and described and known as Lots 55 (fifty-five), 59 (fifty-nine), 58 (fifty-eight) and 62 (sixty-two) on the plan of Courtenay, and the hotel thereon known as "The Riverside Hotel." Mortgage registered in Charge Book, Vol. 13, Fol. 339, No. 700 D.

DUMBLETON & INNES,
no19 Solicitors for Mortgagees.

TENDERS.

Separate sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Fire Apparatus," will be received at the office of the undersigned, until 4 p.m., on the 1st of December next, for the purchase, of the following Fire Apparatus from the Corporation of the City of Victoria, viz.:—

One Button & Blake Steam Fire Engine, "Tiger."

One Hunneman Manual Fire Engine, "Deluge,"

One Button Manual Fire Engine "Tiger,"

One Hose Carriage,

Four Sets of Wheels.

The said apparatus may be seen at the Public Market, Cormorant street.

The Chief of the Fire Department will give full particulars.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., 20th October, 1896.

The Most Exacting...

Admit that even their ideas of what constitutes "good matches" are surpassed by The E. B. Eddy Co.'s

TELEGRAPH —AND— TELEPHONE **Matches.**

NO-TO-BAC GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE

Over 1,000,000 boxes sold, 300,000 cures prove its power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bac is the greatest nerve-food in the world. Many gain 10 pounds in 10 days and it never fails to make the weak impotent man strong, vigorous and magnetic. Just try a box. You will be delighted. We expect you to believe what we say, for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Send for our booklet "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away," written guarantee and free sample. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY BOWES, THE DRUGGIST.

Alpha Atomizers

produces an absolutely continuous spray by means of

Our New Patent Tube.

Alpha Atomizer No. 3, with Throat Tip, $1.00. At all drug stores or sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

Alpha Rubber Co., Montreal.

NOTICE.

Quadra street, bet. Chatham and North Park street, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

ELECTION CARDS

The Mayoralty

To the Ratepayers of the City of Victoria.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

At the request of a number of my fellow citizens, I have the honor to announce that I will be a candidate for the office of Mayor at the next election, and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

no16 CHAS. E. REDFERN.

AUCTION SALES.

SALE OF MINING PROPERTIES

By Order of the Mortgagee.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Mr. William Hardaker, Auctioneer, at his auction room, Douglas street, Victoria, B. C., on Thursday, the 10th day of December, 1896, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, subject to conditions of sale to be then and there produced the following properties:

Lot 1.—Two equal undivided one-third shares of and in a certain mineral claim known as the "Joe Dandy" Mineral Claim, and being lot No. 447, group 1, Osoyoos division of Yale district, British Columbia.

Lot 2.—A certain mineral claim known as the "Silver Crown" Mineral Claim, and being lot 442, group 1 Osoyoos division of Yale district, aforesaid.

Lot 3.—One equal undivided one-half share of and in a certain mineral claim, situate at Fairview, in the said Osoyoos division of Yale district, and known as the "Homestake" Mineral Claim.

TERMS:—Fifteen per cent. cash; balance on 2nd day of January, 1897.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Bodwell & Irving, Solicitors, Victoria, British Columbia, or to

WM. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer,
no17-td Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

Notice of Sale

The British Columbia Paper Manufacturing Company, Limited.

IN LIQUIDATION.

Notice is hereby that under and by virtue of the authority of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 9th day of November, 1896, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem, I will sell, subject to the approval of one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, all the real and personal property (other than book debts and other choses in action) of the said British Columbia Paper Manufacturing Company, Ltd., subject only to the mortgagee's charge upon same.

The said property consists chiefly of the equity of redemption in part (16 acres) of Section VII., Alberni district, British Columbia, together with a paper mill and saw mill erected upon the same, and also of the plant, machinery and tools, etc., used in connection therewith.

The mortgage charge upon the same is $26,025.97, with interest upon the same from the thirtieth day of September, 1896, to the date of sale, together with the costs of foreclosure proceedings to the said date of sale, less a rebate of $50.00 per month from the said 30th September to such date.

This is a good opportunity for investors, as the saw mill is in good running order, and the rapid development of the mines in Alberni district ensures a very ready market for all the lumber that can be cut.

There is a good water power on the site, a plentiful supply of timber, including cotton wood in the vicinity, and with the addition of some modern machinery, it is believed that the manufacture of paper can be carried on at the lowest possible cost.

Above sale will be made at public auction, at the auction rooms of William T. Hardaker, Douglas street, Victoria, British Columbia, on Wednesday, the 16th day of December next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned, at his office, or at the office of Messrs. Fell & Gregory, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.

13th November, 1896.

F. ELWORTHY, Liquidator.

Something To Please The Ladies

Something Exceptionally Nice in

TOILET · SEST.

We have no hesitation in saying that these DELIGHTFUL SETS of the very newest TOILET WARE have already captured the hearts of the ladies, and no wonder, for a single glance at these goods convinces one of their artistic merit.

Ask for the.

Columbia Toilet Set.

—At—

WEILER BROS.

51-55 FORT ST., VICTORIA.

Insure Your Life

In the *LEADING CANADIAN COMPANY*,

The Sun Life Assurance Co.,

OF CANADA.

A. H. HARMAN & CO., Agents.

44 Broad Street, VICTORIA

ESTABLISHED 1884.

Victoria Loan Office

133 GOVERNMENT ST.

MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security. Business strictly confidential.
Private entrance, Pandora street.

F. Landsberg, Prop.

P. O. Box 668. feb12-1y

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER PURE & WHOLESOME

...ALL GOES...

"Merry as a Marriage Bell"

IN HOMES WHERE

White Star Baking Powder

IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Meade, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 103 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130.

WANTS.

WANTED BOTTLES—Good prices paid for pickle sauce, catsup, brandy and whiskey bottles at Pacific Sauce and Vinegar Works, 66 and 68 Blanchard st. no13-2w

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary; $65.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont., Canada. Sept. 1, 1896. oc13-3m-d&w

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Fourteen acres land three miles from city; all fenced and cleared; five-roomed house, large barn and other buildings; just the place for small fruits and poultry. Would lease if suitable tenant offers. Address T. R. Ells, 268 Fort street. oc20tf

FOR SALE—A portion of the N. & S. Saanich Agricultural Society's land in South Saanich, containing 94 acres more or less, about 20 acres clear; never failing stream of water. For further particulars apply to the secretary, H. F. Haldorn, Turpooose P. O., B. C. m8-tf-d-w

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

JEWELERS, ETC.

MYERS'

OF NEW YORK.

Bankrupt Stock.

WALTHAM and ELGIN WATCHES

AT ABOUT HALF THE USUAL PRICES

Having purchased a large stock of these celebrated Watches at 55c. in the dollar, will sell at prices defying competition.

WALTHAM, SOLID SILVER, STEM-WIND WATCHES, $7.

Have also the latest Watches made by the Waltham & Elgin Co.

Vanguard, 21 Hole Jeweled, $30 Highest Grade Elgin, $20.

S. A. STODDART, 68 Yates St.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

Funeral Director.

90 Johnson Street. VICTORIA, B.C.

Vancouver Island Building Society.

The 90th Drawing for an Appropriation will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's hall, Broad street, on Monday, the 30th November, 1896, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are not in arrears.

no23-td B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Kootenay Mines.

LATEST INFORMATION OF

New Finds, Transfers, Shipments of Ore Developments,

WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF

Stock and Share Prices

READ....

The Miner.

PUBLISHED AT NELSON

The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of

MR. GEO. SHEDDEN

Agent for Victoria and Vancouver Island

JNO. MESTON.

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

THE BLIND WILL SEE

Edison Makes Some Experiments Which Prove Eminently Satisfactory.

Dr. Peck, an Eye Specialist, Discusses the Latest Discovery.

New York, Nov. 20.—"The blind will be made to see, and that within three years. I do not mean that they will be enabled to read, but it will be possible for them to distinguish persons and things."

Mr. Edison looked happy as he made this startling statement in his laboratory in West Orange on Monday night. He had just concluded a series of experiments on two men who had been blind for years. By means of X rays, held before the eyes of the men, they declared that, for the first time since they had been stricken, they had been able to perceive the light. For two hours Edison was busy with experiments, and when the blind men left him, after making an appointment to visit him soon again, they thanked him again and again and prayed he would be successful.

The men who visited the wizard were Jacob Mahrbacher of 24 College place, and Otto Kallensee of 130 South Orange avenue, Newark. When they walked into the laboratory Mr. Edison heard the story of their affliction and then went to work.

Mahrbacher was the first to be tried by Mr. Edison. The light was flashed before his eyes and gradually the operator turned on the X ray current stronger and stronger. Finally, as the strongest light was reached, Mahrbacher tremblingly announced that he could see a glittering substance.

Edison's face brightened and again the tube was changed. Kallensee then stood before the X ray and gazed unblinkingly at it for some time. Another light was thrown and with almost a sob the man cried:

"I can see a light. It's burning now, isn't it? I can see."

The best result was had by an incandescent light in a red globe, and this gave Edison a clue that may be important. Many experiments were tried by the use of direct rays and the fluoroscope with no better results.

After working for two hours Mr. Edison concluded to postpone his experiments for a time. As the men left him he said to them:

"Don't be discouraged men. I know it is awfully hard to be blind, but we will find a cure for you yet."

He afterwards expressed himself as highly pleased over the outcome of the experiments, saying:

"I shall now devote myself to a specially prepared X ray that will, I feel sure, answer the purpose. Of course, I do not claim that those who are blind will be enabled to read, but they may distinguish persons and things. Constant research is being made in this field and I doubt not that wonderful results will be attained. I will rig up a tube to be run in ice cold water that will be especially adapted to these men's need, and I feel confident of success."

Mr. Edison had read the story from San Francisco regarding young Baelgalupi, who claims that the cathode ray enables him to distinguish objects.

"Such a thing is possible," Mr. Edison said. "Why, I recently learned by accident that, though the X rays are invisible without the use of a fluoroscope, by putting my hand over my eyes I could plainly discern anything behind it. In the light of my discovery I can see that a mistake was made by the San Francisco experiment. The boy could have looked directly at the X rays."

When Dr. Peck of the New York eye and ear infirmary heard of Dr. Edison's experiment and statement, he said:

"I don't like to discuss this matter. In the first place, I don't know the nature of the blindness with which the men on whom the experiment was tried were afflicted. Possibly there are some cases in which Mr. Edison's discovery may prove available. There are cases where the patient may be afflicted with the loss of vision where the connection between the nerves and the brain are all right.

"There are numerous cases where I see no reason why a person should not see. The optic nerve is all right and the brain connection is good, yet the person cannot distinguish objects. In such an instance Mr. Edison's discovery may prove beneficial. Then, again, there may be instances where the patients cannot see an ordinary light but could clearly distinguish the glare of the X rays. When atrophy of the nerve is present, I do not think Mr. Edison's cure will amount to anything, for in that case hope of restoring the sight would be in vain.

"There is no reason why a patient should be able to distinguish a red light quicker than a white one. I sincerely hope Mr. Edison has discovered what will benefit the blind. I would not be surprised at anything he does, and it is possible he is working in the right direction."

Dr. J. O. Nilsen of this city said:

"It would be wonderful if the blind could be made to see in this manner, and yet not more wonderful than many of the discoveries of the past twenty years. And the greatest and most important discovery are apt to come to use in just this manner, in a sudden flash. Of course, it is too soon to speak with real confidence, but I have great hopes, and would not be surprised to see the experiments crowned with complete success. It would mean immeasurable good to suffering humanity.

"It is a strange subject, and it cannot be well understood why the blind can be made to see by X rays. But we have to take many mysteries as facts, even in scientific professions. It strikes me the mystery may be possibly analogous to the stone-deaf men who are able to hear only when in a boiler shop, or some other place where there is a great noise going on. Theories are offered for this, but it is, after all, a mystery. And so the X rays and their influence on the blind are likely to be, but the world will be satisfied if they prove a success, even if unexplainable, and I have great confidence in them."

ALL THROUGH ONE GATE.

Let us fancy a state of affairs like this: Suppose that nothing to eat could be raised or produced in England; suppose a war, in which all the ports of England were so effectively and continuously blockaded that no food whatever could be imported for a year. What would become of the people? At best only a few could leave the country; the vast majority must remain. The question answers itself. Such a situation is not likely to occur; God forbid that it ever should, but the grim fancy may teach some of us a lesson that we can use to advantage.

For example, a lady is speaking of an occasion when she was very ill. What first appeared in November, 1890. Up to that time she says she had been her ailment was she did not know. It healthy and strong; never needed a doctor. At that time she felt, not so much that she had been attacked by illness as that she had lapsed into it. She was languid, tired and weak, without perceiving any reason why she should be so. "At first," she says, "my appetite failed me, and I had no desire for food. I could partake only of liquids, and after the simplest diet I had great pain at the chest. Sometimes I was seized with giddiness, and had pain across the forehead and temples.

"I became so low and weak that I was confined to my room for a fortnight, and could barely walk across the floor. I continued to grow worse, losing strength daily. In the early part of December, 1890, I thought I would try a medicine that had greatly benefited my two daughters, one of whom had suffered from weakness and indigestion, and the other from poorness of the blood.

"The name of the medicine is Mother Seigel, Curative Syrup, and I procured it from Mr. Shirtcliff, the chemist, in Goldhawk road. After I had taken the Syrup two days I found myself a little better. My appetite returned, and what I ate digested and gave me strength. By the time I had taken two bottles I was completely cured and have since been in the best of health, not requiring medicine of any kind. I have recommended Mother Seigel's Syrup to many of my friends, and they have found benefit from its use. If by publishing this letter other sufferers may come to know of the curative powers of this medicine, you are at liberty to make it public. I will answer any inquiries. Yours truly, (Signed) Mrs. S. Buckingham, 23, Oaklands Grove, Shepherd's Bush, London. September 16th, 1892."

The reader will notice that Mrs. Buckingham speaks of her two daughters, one of whom had been cured of weakness and indigestion, and the other of poorness of the blood, by the Syrup. On this point we merely desire to suggest that both of the young ladies were (as their mother knew) troubled with the same complaint—one perhaps in a stage a trifle more advanced than the other. Poverty of the blood means simply a lack in it of the vital elements, which food alone can supply, and no food can supply them unless it is perfectly digested. Thousands of women are thus afflicted, and are being constantly saved by the effect of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup on the stomach and the other digestive organs.

Then, what do we make of the illustration which introduces this article? This: The human body is like the population of a great country—it must be fed. Every muscle, bone and bit of flesh is merely food altered into that form by the digestion. Yes; even more than this. Our illustration goes deeper than we thought. While it is not supposable that England could fail of assistance from her own soil, the human body in no way helps itself. All its support must come from the outside, and all pass through one gate—the stomach.

We thus see the great work done by the Syrup in keeping this gate always open and available.

You can hardly realize that it is medicine, when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.*

—Ladies, a fine line of A1 scissors and shears at Fox's, 78 Govt. St. *

SUGAR INDUSTRY.

Commission to Investigate Conditions in West Indies.

London, Nov. 24.—The St. James Gazette commenting on the statement that the government is considering the appointment of a commission to investigate on the spot the critical condition of the sugar industry in the West Indies, says: "Unless the government meet the European bounties by duties on beet sugar, or an equivalent measure, the ruined sugar planters of the West Indies are likely to conclude that the Stars and Stripes might do for them what the Union Jack will not."

WHEAT MARKETS.

Situation Discussed by the Mark Lane Express.

London, Nov. 24.—The Mark Lane Express, commenting on the wheat outlook says: "We expect a decrease of the French wheat acreage in 1897 owing to the lateness of seeding. The sowing of Azima wheat in Russia is now admitted to be smaller than usual. The rise in prices has stimulated the Russian markets and the line of spring Chirka sowings is likely to offset the Azima deficiency. There cannot be any wheat available for export to April, 1898. Australia is importing California wheat and has no surplus available for shipment to Europe."

"THE WISH IS FATHER TO THE THOUGHT."

RUSSELL'S LIBEL SUIT.

Lady Scott Readmitted to Bail Under Certain Conditions.

London, Nov. 24.—The hearing of the suit for libel brought by Earl Russell against his mother-in-law, Lady Scott, John Cocerlon, engineer; Frederick Kask, groom; and William Aylott, valet; was commenced yesterday at Old Bailey. The defendants pleaded not guilty and also pleaded justification.

Sir Frank Lockwood, Q.C., counsel for Lord Russell, occupied the whole in a statement of the familiar story of the libels, at the end of which Lady Scott was re-admitted to bail under certain conditions. The male prisoners were refused a renewal of their bail.

"To My Life's End."

Old age brings on many aches and pains which must be looked after if health is to be maintained. This depends more than anything else on the kidneys. "I am 85 years old," writes A. Duffin, farmer, Aultsville, Ont., "and have had kidney trouble five years. My son advised Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I obtained immediate relief. I shall use them to my life's end." You will find Chase's Pills equally effective for that lame back.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.*

—Dish pans only 15c., at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street. *

Sickly Women!

Out of sorts really tired, disregard, pale and listless, try Indian Woman's Balm. It makes rich new blood, banishes backaches, headaches, heart palpitation, constipation and all other ailments to which women are so subject. It is suffering womanhood's greatest boon. Has cured thousands—Why not you?

CLOSED

Belleville Street, between Menzies and St. John;

E. A. WILMOT,
oc1 City Engineer.

W. J. R. Cowell,
(B.A., F.G.S.)
Mining Engineer and Assayer,
28 Broad Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

A Good Thing

. . . Bears Repetition.

The fact that we are still in the Merchant Tailoring business, and continue to uphold the reputation established by a long business career, is a good thing.

SEE . . .

Our Direct Importations of Fall Woolens

Should be inspected by you before you order that Suit or Overcoat. Prices Satisfactory. . . . . .

A. GREGG & SON,
MERCHANT TAILORS, YATES STREET

Clean! Truthful! Wideawake!

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Twice-a-Week Times

Mailed to any address in Canada United States or Newfoundland at $1.50 per annum; other countries $2.50 per annum. . . . . .

All the News.

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MERCHANT, COMMISSION AGENT and INTELLIGENCE OFFICE
20 Cormorant Street. VICTORIA, B. C.

The Daily Times.

MAYOR AS AUTOCRAT.

The municipal act provides that "the powers of every municipality shall be exercised by the mayor and aldermen, or reeve and councillors, thereof." Mayor Beaven has improved on the act by calmly obliterating the words "and aldermen," thus effacing the rest of the council as regards its executive powers and vesting all of said powers in himself. There is a rare degree of "nerve" required to override in this deliberate fashion an act of the legislature, but as the mayor has shown many indications of a desire to be a law unto himself the public will perhaps not be much surprised at this latest display of autocratic tendencies. There can be no doubt in any reasonable mind as to what the intent of the municipal law is in this regard; section 25, which we have quoted, is as explicit as any section of an act could be. When the majority of a city council resolve on any particular course as to the payment of employes, or kindred matters, the law intends that such course shall be followed without question by any part of the executive. A pretty state of chaos would municipal affairs get into if the mayor were at liberty to ignore contemptuously a resolution passed by even a majority of the aldermen dealing with any matter that comes under their jurisdiction. The height of absurdity is reached if the mayor can set aside such a resolution when it is passed unanimously by the aldermen. Neither in law nor in common sense can there be found the slightest justification for the course taken by the mayor in the case which came under review last night, and though some people may feel inclined to dismiss the matter as a small one, the principle should not be lost sight of. The citizens may desire the establishment of a "one-man power," to be placed in the hands of Mayor Beaven. If they do they should see that it is regularly established by law and not in violation of existing legislation.

"KINDLY BOUNCE THEM."

In the Tory papers these days appears a great deal of hypocritical wailing over the dismissal of civil servants who neglected their duties to do election work for the Tory party. When any such case occurs the government is immediately accused, as vociferously as Tory lungs will allow, of "introducing the spoils system." These exhibitions of hypocrisy show rather strangely in the light of some revelations made by the Lindsay Post concerning that well known Tory warrior Major Sam Hughes, who represents North Victoria in the house. Shortly after his election in 1892 the Major thought it would be well to change the postmasters at Minden and Coboconk, putting good Tories in the places occupied by Grits. He seems to have offered some charges against Dr. Curry, the Minden official, and P. O. Inspector Spry was sent to investigate. Mr. Spry thus reported to the department: "Regarding this case, as the charges are nearly all of a political nature, or have a political tendency, I consider that it would not be proper for me to express my opinion upon the merits of the case, and beg, therefore, respectfully to submit the evidence for your consideration." The delay that occurred in dealing with the matter was not to the Major's taste, so he wrote Sir Adolphe Caron, then postmaster-general, complaining that he had "not heard a word from your department yet anent the Minden and Coboconk post-offices." He also informed Sir Adolphe that "the feeling among our fellows here is very strong," and that the Grits, in expectation of a vacancy being made at Minden were "getting up a petition signed by their own crowd" asking for the appointment of Dr. Curry's brother. This was a horrible piece of cheek on the part of the Grits, and the good Tory Major pointed out the way to squelch them properly. He said to Sir Adolphe Caron: "I wish the office vacant as soon as possible, and shall then name you my man. Meantime, kindly bounce them." Whether they were bounced "kindly" or not does not appear, but of course a request couched in such appropriate terms could not well be ignored. And never a word appeared in any Tory paper alleging the introduction of the spoils system.

Montreal Herald: The Gazette announces that the White Star Line and the German Line are building twenty-three knot steamships. Again it says that Canada wants the best in the way of steamships, and that she will be content with no less. In that case the Gazette will have to revise its judgment in favor of a twenty-knot service. If a twenty-knot service is so vastly superior to an eighteen-knot service, as the Gazette professes to believe, then a twenty-three-knot service would be more vastly superior to a twenty-knot service —a point, which, of course, the Gazette would be quite prepared to admit. If Canada will be content with nothing less than the best then, she will have to go in for the twenty-three-knot service. It would be plain folly for her to spend $750,000 a year on a service of twenty-knot tubs. But in the event of the establishment of a twenty-three-knot service, that subsidy would have to be largely increased. The longer the advocates for a service for passengers only argue, the clearer it becomes, that the interests of the people of the Dominion are not suffering through delay in the settlement of the matter.

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor: A clerical error appears in the second line from the top of page 432 of my "History of British Columbia," relative to the land grant to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway. It should read, "amounting to one million nine hundred thousand acres, being, etc." Kindly insert and oblige,

Yours, etc.,
ALEXANDER BEGG, C.C.

THE DUTY ON OPIUM

Speculation as to Whether McKinley Would Raise the Duty to the Old Figure.

Would Revive Smuggling Between British Columbia and the United States.

With the coming change of administration at Washington City a good many matters of importance to this coast are being discussed, and one is whether or not Mr. McKinley and his congress will put up the duty on opium, says the Seattle Times. When Cleveland went into office four years ago, and for a year or so after he was in office, there was a great deal of smuggling in progress. In fact smuggling on Puget Sound was at its zenith, for it was then that the old Haytien Republic gang was at work, and when such men as Special Treasury Agent Mulkey and Collector of Customs Jim Lotan of Portland were getting big money for allowing Chinamen and opium to be landed. Coblentz and Billy Meredith, who were then Chinese inspectors, and D. A. McKenzie, three of the best opium and Chinese catchers the government ever had on the coast, were in the harness at the time and they were making big arrests all the while. One of Meredith's last acts was to capture the little Volga and a boat load of Chinamen down near Olympia. The Victoria opium factories were working full blast and very little opium from the Orient was finding its way into this country. The Chinamen who smoke it and use it for other purposes, could get British Columbia opium at such a low price that they did not care to put up big money to bring the better drug from China and pay an enormous duty on it. Thousands of dollars were made by smuggling opium into the United States the year before the Democratic tariff went into effect.

Since that time there has been but little opium smuggled into the United States. The Democratic tariff reduced the duty on the stuff to such an extent that it did not pay to smuggle. The Victoria factories are not what they used to be. Some opium is manufactured, but not in such large quanities as it used to be, and very little of it comes to the United States. The local Chinamen say that since the tariff went into effect they have bought their opium from China and paid duty on it. It costs a little more, but it is better stuff and then they are not liable to have it seized by a government officer.

During the past three years there have not been any arrests to amount to anything. The government officers have had a snap. There are almost as many of them on the coast as formerly. Puget Sound is still looked after by a good sized force, but they seldom catch any smugglers. The other day Chinese Inspector Loftus, who lives on one of the steamers running between here and Victoria, picked up a smuggler who had a few pounds in his possession. But such arrests are a scarcity, and sometimes the officers have hard work finding something to do in order to enable them to draw their pay without blushing.

But things are likely to be different under Mr. McKinley. He believes in putting a tariff on everything and he is likely to have a paragraph in that new tariff bill which will put up the duty on opium. If there is an increase in the duty then there will be some more fun on the coast, and Puget Sound will have her share of it. The factories in British Columbia will begin doing business at the old stands, and the officers will have something to do. China won't ship so much opium to this country, for Chinamen in the United States will not pay a big price for it when they can have it brought to them from "across the line" for less than one-half the cost of Chinese opium.

—Xmas. gifts are arriving all the time at Weller Bros., who are preparing for a greater display than ever before.

OTTAWA LETTER

Ottawa, Nov. 16.—Before the end of the present week the Manitoba school question will be removed from the Dominion arena and handed over to the Manitoba government, who are the proper authorities to deal with it. In fact, it should never have been dragged into Dominion politics. In the first place the late Sir John Thompson devised the means of appealing to the federal power should the courts go against the minority. He did so to cause delay and prevent his having to deal with the petitions asking disallowance. When the judicial committee of the Imperial Privy Council gave its decision Sir Mackenzie Bowell was premier. He, too, conceived the idea of making political capital out of the school case by issuing the extraordinary remedial order. This remedial order was prepared by Sir Hibbert Tupper. Bowell and Tupper the younger were going to capture the whole province of Quebec by this order. Mr. Laurier was to be snowed under. But before they even got time to put their plans into operation they quarrelled over the proper time to go to the country, and instead summoned Parliament. One crisis followed another until finally the party was routed on the 23rd of June.

When Mr. Laurier was returned to power he promised to settle the school question in six months. He has succeeded in doing better than that. Mr. Sifton will be here to-morrow night, and after being sworn in as minister of the interior, he will go to Brandon to seek election. The election takes place on December 4. It is not likely that he will have any opposition, but if he should it will not amount to anything. Some say that Hon. T. M. Daly is willing to sacrifice himself, but the ex-minister of the interior will rather wait and attempt to get into the legislature in the place of Mr. Sifton.

Mr. Sifton comes to Ottawa with a good record which he has built up in the prairie province. He has no small undertaking in taking hold of the affairs of the interior and Indian departments. Ever since the late Thomas White had charge of these departments they have been grossly mismanaged. They have been largely run in the interests of politicians, and not for the benefit of the country. It is expected that the new minister will make many changes befoe he has been long at the head of affairs here. The political heeler found a home in the interior and Indian departments during the reign of the late government, and now they will have an opportunity of following politics as an occupation, and relieved from living at the public expense. Mr. Fisher, the minister of agriculture, has returned to the city after three or four weeks' traveling all over the maritime provinces in connection with matters affecting his own department. The principal object of his mission was to see how the quarantine service was being conducted, the idea being to abolish quarantine between Canada and the United States. Now that Canada has been placed on the scheduled list by Britain so that Canadian cattle cannot be shipped alive into the old country any longer, there does not appear to be any necessity for quarantine between Canada and the United States. Mr. Fisher is inquiring into this matter very carefully. Of course it would be necessary to get the United States to agree to cancelling its quarantine regulations against Canada before Canada would consent to giving free access to American cattle to enter this country. Removal of quarantine would be a great benefit to the Northwest. In the meantime if a settler who intends pulling up in Dakota and going to the Northwest cannot get his stock smuggled into the country he has got to leave them behind. Readers of the Times know better than I can tell them if it would benefit British Columbia. Hon. L. H. Davies speaking at Charlottetown, P. E. I., the other day touched on some of the most important reforms which the new government intended doing. As to the franchise act Mr. Davies said: "We propose to remove from the statute book the iniquitious franchise law which both parties of this country now have come to the conclusion is too expensive and cumbersome a luxury to retain. We propose to save by that reform a large amount of money annually. We propose to revert to municipal lists prepared in all the provinces except Prince Edward Island and have one electoral list for the local and for the Dominion, instead of the two conflicting lists which now exist."

As to the tariff he said: "The Liberal party are not revolutionists. They have no quarrel with the manufacturers of this country. They do not propose to play the "bull in a china shop," or ruthlessly destroy vested interests. We propose to approach the consideration of this great question from a business standpoint, recognizing the fact that these vested interests have been built up under the policy which the country for some years adopted and retained; recognizing this fact, also, that while free trade is the goal of the Liberal party, it will be impossible for some years at any rate to attain that goal. Free trade cannot be had now. That has been our platform all through. What we do say is this: that the National Policy which is embodied in the tariff, that the principle of protection per se which is embodied in the tariff, that the policy of transferring from the pockets of one class of the community to another class large sums of money without compensation shall cease and be eliminated, and that we shall have what is called a revenue-producing tariff with protection as such eliminated from it. Incidental protection your revenue tariff will necessarily give, but duties imposed not for revenue but for protection must cease."

Mr. Davies believes that a reciprocity treaty can be obtained from Mr. McKinley. At any rate, the government will try to obtain it.

SLABTOWN.

The impurities of the blood which cause scrofulous eruptions are thoroughly eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

Fancy silk mantel draperies, table cloths, bric-a-brac, scarfs, cushions, etc., at Weller Bros.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.

UNDERGROUND RAILWAYS.

Two Deep Level Tunnels Under London for Electric Trains.

London, Nov. 23.—A meeting of the Metropolitan District Railway Stockholders' Association was held here in furtherance of the project for constructing two deep level tunnels for the up and down service of the express electric trains between Earlscourt and Mansion house. The stockholders have endorsed the action of their directors in approving the scheme, and the necessary powers will be asked for at the coming session of Parliament. That they will be granted is a foregone conclusion.

Parliament has already sanctioned six metropolitan underground projects and two will be sanctioned at the forthcoming session. There are still others in the air, all electrical. Most of these lines are planned to rectify the ordinary want of foresight which practically forebade the termini of the great railways to advance beyond what were in the days of their building the suburbs of London. The result has ever since been that the traveler consumes as much time getting from one terminus to another on the other side of the metropolis as would suffice to carry him fifty miles on his journey. All of the new lines are, of necessity, buried far below the street level. In some cases the arrival and departure platforms of stations are ninety-five feet below the sidewalks, while the lines descend still lower in many places, diving under great sewers and other underground tunnels, abutments of the Thames bridges and embankments and under the Thames itself. The engineering features of these projects are, therefore, most interesting. The great head shield is the most prominent of these. It was first tried in the construction of the City & South London railway, the first electric underground line in England.

The contrivance is an air lock system of tunneling which is not hindered by any sudden in-rush of water that may be encountered while boring. The boring is accomplished by means of steel cylinders, fitted with curved knives, which are forced forward by hydraulic jacks. When the shields have advanced about eighteen inches the soil enclosed in the cylinders is removed and cast iron rings are built up in segments inside.

When the shields are again moved forward there is, of course, a space between the outer surface of the rings and the inclosing earth, which is filled by the forcing of semi-fluid cement through the holes left for that purpose. The tunnels thus consist of iron tubes. These tunnels are constructed at the rate of sixteen feet per day.

Passengers are conveyed from the world below to the world above by hydraulic lifts. The current that works the line is to come from a generating house along a copper cable. Each train will consist of six or seven cars. The American system of car construction is obligatory, otherwise the increased diameter of tunnel required for cars with side doors would augment the construction account by 40 per cent. The cars will seat 48 passengers, 24 on a side, a total of 228 or 336 passengers per train. The speed is to be 14 miles an hour, including stops. The service is to be a train every two and a half minutes and the capacity of the lines per annum is 85,000,000 passengers.

JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

The British Columbia Mining Record will close the present year by publishing a special holiday number, which will be the largest and finest edition of the journal yet issued. It will contain articles descriptive of the year's work in nearly every mining district of the province, and will be the most complete exposition of the mining industry of British Columbia ever published. It will show the grand prospects ahead for 1897 and the information it will contain will be of such a nature as to make this special number valuable in the future for refernece. Already large orders have been received for extra copies of this edition and many more are expected before the day of publication so that its widespread circulation is already assured. Merchants, manufacturers, mining brokers and investment companies will do well to avail themselves of this opportunity to attract the attention of the mining men of the province to their business, as the December issue of the Record will not only go largely into the homes of citizens but also into every mining camp of the province. The holiday number of the Record will be a fitting closing of the year 1896 and a brilliant usher of 1897, which bids fair to be the banner year of mining in British Columbia.

KEEP THE SKIN SOFT AND WHITE WITH

BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND..... GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

COMPETITION VANQUISHED!

Fortifying efforts in the line of convincing Bargains permeating every article adapted for winter wear throughout our mammoth stock:

Our Overcoats Are Unsurpassed!

In most beautiful patterns, most elaborate workmanship, most fashionable and nobby styles, unequalled in quality, unassailable in prices.
The Special Fabrics selected for manufacturing this line of overcoats, forms a positive conception of perfection in choice.
We purpose to sell these unapproachable outer coverings at a

Stupendous Reduction!

It will pay to examine this grand effort of Tailors' Art

Macintoshes

in numberless array, from the markets renowned for perfection, durability and superiority of make. We quote these goods at such marvellous low figures that it is difficult to conceive

How It Is Done.

MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS

adapted for rain or snow, sunshine or frost. Artistic in design and perfect in finish, comprised of almost every grade. Nothing spurious can be found on our counters or shelves. We satisfy all pocket conditions. Necessity compels us to close at any sacrifice this matchless assortment of men and boy's clothing. Our motto is cash at all hazards.

1896 Must Make Room for 1897.

An exceedingly elegant and magnificent outfit of

Under and Over Wear

at hand fitted for every station of life's "busy throngs." Under suits in solid colors of Gray, White, Black, Salmon, Flesh, Etc., Etc.
ALSO—A telling display of striped shirts and drawers. Overshirts in plaid, striped, fancy, mottled and solid colors. Quantities bounteous, materials unique. German linen shirts, white and colored, immeasurably the greatest in extent and by far the cheapest in the city of Victoria.

Neckwear, Collars, Braces, Handkerchiefs.

Choicest, Nobbiest, Newest, A-100 styles, All Sizes, of every known World make, from all climes and sections, with a vast variety of fancy goods unprecedented in Gigantic Marked Down Reductions.

We Hold the Key

that unlocks the HAT Kingdom. Profusion reigns. Prices Astound. Determination, Perseverence and Grit slaughter the Monster Anaconda Extortion.
This crusade the toiling masses have never faltered in assisting most royally and gloriously. Protection—proved their judgment. The Workingman Friend their safety uphold, therefore.

H. FREEMAN, 111-113 Government St. VICTORIA, B. C.

Just Arrived

Choice line of Woolens—Scotch Tweeds Fox's Serges and Bellwarp Worsteds. As this shipment is late, we will sell at very low figures. Gentlemen wishing to be well dressed cannot do better than place their order with us. Perfect fit and good work guaranteed.

CREIGHTON & CO. THE RELIABLE TAILORS, 74 YATES ST.

MINES

MINING SHARES FOR SALE.

Alberni Consolidated	49
Cariboo of Camp McKinney	45
Cariboo and William's Creek (Cariboo)	10
Deer Park	17
Dellie (near Ainsworth)	12½
Enterprise (Trail Creek)	20
Evening Star "	23
Eureka Cons. "	1¼
Good Hope "	06
Grand Prize "	07
Great Western "	17½
Iron Queen "	03
Iron Mask "	65
Josie, (500 at 60c.)	64
Mabel (Trail Creek)	15
Mayflower "	15
Monte Cristo "	18
Mugwump "	16
Mineral Creek (Alberni)	06
Nest Egg (Trail Creek)	11
Norway (near the O.K)	05
O. K. (Trail Creek)	33
Rossland Red Mountain	25
St. Elmo (Trail Creek)	13
Quadra (Alberni)	10
Van Anda (Texada Island)	15
Wolverine (at Trail)	08

A. W. MORE & CO,
Mining Brokers, 70 Douglas Street

MINING STOCKS FOR SALE

Silver Bell (See Advt)	7c.
Eldon (Until 22nd.)	10c.
Charme	20c.
Great Western	18c.
Quadra	10c.
Mugwump	16c.
Crown Point	48c.
Josie	63c.
Deer Park	18c.
Victoria-Texada Gold Mining Company, Ltd	25c.
Norway	5c.
Cariboo, Camp McKinney	45c.
O. K.	33c.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
BROKER. 28 Broad Street.

C. D. RAND. D. S. WALLBRIDGE.

Rand & Wallbridge
MINING BROKERS,
Sandon, - - B. C.

We take pleasure in announcing that we have opened an office at Sandon, for the transaction of a general mining brokerage business. We shall devote our energies to the mines of the Slocan district and hope to interest our friends in some of the valuable properties located in this vicinity.
Correspondence solicited.

RAND & WALLBRIDGE.

J. PIERCY & CO.
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
FULL LINES OF....
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, UNDERWEAR, UMBRELLAS and WINTER CLOTHING.......
IN STOCK AND ARRIVING.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Municipal Election

FOR 1897.

The Following Persons Are Entitled to Vote:

FOR MAYOR.

Those who are entitled to vote for Aldermen.

FOR ALDERMEN.

The following persons are entitled to vote in any Ward in which they are registered as a ratepayer:

Any male or female, a British subject, of the full age of twenty-one years, and who has been a resident of the city for at least one year previous to the 7th day of December, 1896.

(a) Who is the assessed owner of land or of improvements, or the assessed occupier of land, or

(b) Who carries on business and is the holder of a trades license, the annual fee for which is not less than $5, and who has paid, on or before the 1st day of November, 1896, the full license fee therefor, or

(c) Who is a householder within the Municipality.

"A householder" is defined as a person who holds and occupies a dwelling, or any part or portion of a dwelling, paying therefor a rental or rent value not less than $60 per annum.

Householders must have paid all municipal rates, taxes and license fees (exclusive of water rate or water rent) on or before the 1st day of November, 1896, to entitle them to make the declaration as mentioned below, and in order to be included in the voters' list must, on or before the 1st day of December, 1896, enter their names with the Assessor or clerk of the Municipality as a voter, and make and personally deliver to the Assessor or Clerk at the same time a statutory declaration as set out in Section 5, subsection (2) of the Municipal Elections Act 1896.

Forms of said declaration may be obtained at the office of Mr. W. W. Northcott, Assessor City Hall.

No Chinese, Japanese or Indians are entitled to vote.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Victoria, 12th November, 1896. no13

REMOVAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Kosche

Have removed their HAIR DRESSING PARLORS to 42 Government street, opposite E. M. Johnson's, where they will be pleased to welcome old and new patrons. nov1-1m

To the Public

THE...

B.C. District Telegraph & Delivery COMPANY

desire to state that the business conducted by them at 34 Fort street, will be continued at the above address until further notice without interruption, no change having occurred in the management. Every effort will be made to make the service as efficient as possible.

By order of the manager.

WE call the attention of the coughing public to the superiority of the O. C. Cough Drops.

BOWES,
HE Dispenses Prescriptions.
100 Gov't. near Yates st.
Victoria, B.C.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Lunch 25c. at the Oriental.

—Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Gov't. st

—Blank books, memo. books and a nice line of stationary at wholesale prices. Johnston's, Kirk Block.

—A meeting will be held at eight o'clock this evening in the Y.M.C.A. rooms, for the purpose of organizing a Rugby football club.

—As there was not a quorum present yesterday evening the meeting of the Capital Lacrosse club was again postponed until Friday evening.

—Cold Blast lanterns, coal hods, stove pipes, iron tea kettles, galvanized buckets and other household requisites cheap for cash at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street.

—The Victoria division of the Uniform Rank, K. of P., will hold their annual banquet at the Hotel Victoria on Friday evening. Sir Knight Byrne, the host, is busy perfecting arrangements.

—Fred Woods, Charles Clarke and Maurice Hardy, accused before Police Magistrate Macrae on Tuesday last of vagrancy and remanded until this morning, did not appear when the case was called. Warrants were issued for their arrest.

—Thomas Dougherty and Amos Mahamet, for stealing about 90 grain sacks from a barn in the Shawnigan Lake Lumber Company's yard, were convicted by the police magistrate this morning and each sentenced to two months' imprisonment with hard labor.

—During the recent floods the bridge crossing the canyon on the Silver Mine road, eight miles west of Raymond's crossing, was washed away. The bridge was 125 feet long. The bridge was built eight years ago, but it was strengthened and repaired last summer.

—The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the residence on Standacona avenue of the late Robert Elford. Rev. Solomon Cleaver conducted the funeral services both at the residence and at the grave side. Messrs. W. J. Pendray, L. Goodacre, H. Siddall, J. Clearihue, J. L. Crimp and J. P. Burgess acted as pallbearers.

—The Trades and Labor Council held a meeting yesterday evening. The committee appointed to wait on Hon. Mr. Tarte, minister of public works, presented their report, which was received. As Hon. Messrs. Davies and Blair intend visiting Victoria in a short time the Council propose to draft a series of resolutions to lay before them.

—Rev. Dr. Campbell conducted last evening at The Manse, 248 Cook street, a very pretty ceremony which united in marriage Mr. James Key, of the Union Club, of this city, and Miss Mary Grant Drysdale, who arrived on Sunday evening from Edinburgh, Scotland. The bridegroom was supported by Mr. Robt. Mullins, and the bridesmaid was Miss Dora Tanner. The happy couple will make their home in Victoria.

—Rev. Mr. Betts yesterday evening solemnized the marriage of W. R. Angus, who is the British Columbia representative of the Montreal firm of McMartin, Campbell & Co., and Miss Lizzie Matthews, of Vancouver. After the wedding supper, which was served at the residence of Mr. J. R. Kerr, Stanley avenue, where the wedding also took place, the newly married couple left for California, where they will spend their honeymoon.

—The deputy minister of agriculture, Mr. J. R. Anderson, is endeavoring to find the whereabouts of Messrs. Isaac Cowie and Newton H. Chittenden, whose addresses were given at Victoria, B. C., as awards are awaiting them at Ottawa for their exhibits of ethnology at the World's Columbian Exposition. Anyone knowing of their present addresses will kindly communicate the same to Mr. Anderson that he may forward the same to Ottawa.

—The body of William Thompson, the unfortunate grocer who was drowned while trying to ford Sooke river about a week ago, was recovered yesterday by Messrs. T. D. Kinsley and G. Embert. The remains were found about half a mile from the ford under a quantity of river wreckage, and will be brought to the city this evening for burial in Ross Bay cemetery. Deceased was but 36 years of age, a native of Belfast, Ireland, and leaves a widow and two children.

—Hungarian Flour for $1.30 at Johns' Bros.

—Refuse all substitutes and insist upon having the most delicious sauce in the world—Yorkshire Relish.

—The telegraph wire to Curmanah Point is again in working order. Outer Point reports a large three-masted steamer coming in.

—Western Star Lodge No. 7, A. O. U. W., will give a concert and dance in Semple's hall, Victoria West, next Friday evening. An excellent programme is being arranged.

—Mr. J. H. Rogers, agent for the G. N. Railway, has received a telegram from Seattle to the effect that all trains on the Great Northern Railway will arrive and depart on time to-day.

—Why carry old line life insurance when much more desirable protection can be secured at less than one-third the cost in the safe, solid and reliable Maccabees of the World.

—The city council met the good roads committee yesterday evening before the meeting of the council. No new proposition was submitted by them in regard to the roads and the council offered no further encouragement.

—R. S. Robinson, engineer for the Horsefly Hydraulic Company, arrived in the city last evening and is quartered at the Oriental. Mr. Robinson reports that the weather in the Cariboo district is the coldest experienced for a great many years.

—The Fifth Regiment band will give a concert in the Drill Hall on Thursday evening, at which the prizes won in the Thanksgiving Day rifle matches will be presented. This is an extra concert, and does not in any way interfere with the regular Saturday evening concert.

—The Young Women's Christian Association held their usually monthly meeting in their rooms on Monday and decided to begin their winter series of entertainments by a lecture to be delivered by Canon Beanlands on Tuesday, the 8th of December at the rooms of the Y.M.C.A.

—There is a photo. on view in the Times office of the style of ferry boat which the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway Company propose to use in transporting their cars from the Mainland to Vancouver Island. The boats will carry a large number of cars, and the roughest weather does not interfere with them.

—This evening an entertainment, to consist of tableaux chantants and a farce entitled "Ici on Parle Francaise," will be given in the Cathedral schoolroom. The cast for the farce is as follows: Major Regulus Rattan, Mr. Foulkes; Victor Dubois, Mr. Lowenberg; Mr. Spriggins, Mr. Drake; Mrs. Spriggins, Miss Aspland; Angelina, their daughter, Miss W. Worlock; Julia, wife of Major Rattan, Miss Keefer; Anna Maria, maid of all work, Miss Worlock.

—Mr. George A. Huff, M.P. for Cowichan-Alberni, came down by the noon train to-day and is registered at the Oriental. Mr. Huff is a firm believer in the mining possibilities of Alberni district, and says that rich discoveries are being made every day. Recently some very rich looking quartz was brought down from Douglas mountain, which is on the opposite side of Mineral creek to that on which the property of the Consolidated Alberni Company is located. The recent rains committed no material damage in Alberni district, but they furnished China creek with an abundance of water for hydraulicking. The Duke of York Company began piping a few days ago, and they intend to work steadily until the dry season next summer.

—A housebreaker with a penchant for good home-made jam succeeded in forcing an entrance to an unoccupied house on Craigflower road, Victoria West, owned by Mr. Stewart, the messenger in the Bank of B.N.A. Mr. Stewart and family live there during the summer months, but moved over to the city a few weeks ago. They are now regretting that they did not take the year's supply of jam with them. From the footmarks the thief was evidently a man. He threw a snowball through an upper window, to make sure no one was in the house, and then broke a lower window, unfastened the clasp and went in. Hhe turned the contents of boxes and drawers on the floor, but took nothing but about two dozen jars of jam. The thief was likely some one acquainted with the place.

—A warrant was sworn out yesterday evening by Mr. Herbert Kent, managing member of the firm of M. W. Waitt & Co., for the arrest of H. George Lincoln, who until a few days ago was in the employ of that firm. Lincoln left Victoria on Saturday night at midnight by the City of Kingston for Seattle, and since his going Mr. Kent has discovered that $150 has been taken from the safe in the store. The warrant was yesterday evening placed in the hands of a Vancouver police, who wired the police of Vancouver, Seattle and the other Sound cities this morning to hold the decamping young man. They could not wire yesterday evening, as the wires were down. As Lincoln, however, has had a start of three days it is improbable that he will be captured. Lincoln lately, his late employer says, has been going "the pace that kills," and a woman, it is said, has a great deal to do with his downfall.

More Curative Power.

is contained in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other similar preparation. It costs the proprietor and manufacturer more. It costs the jobber more and is worth more to the consumer. It has a record of cures unknown to any other preparation. It is the best to buy because it is the One True Blood Purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle reliable, sure.

RAZOR STRAPS.

Gentlemen, call and examine our full line of Russia horsehide and kangaroo razor straps at Fox's, 78 Government street. Each one guaranteed.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

You Will Not be Disappointed

If you use London Hospital Cough Cure for that Cold.

JOHN COCHRANE, Chemist,
SOLE AGENT,
N. W. Corner Yates and Douglas St.
Night Clerk in Attendance.

NEW PACIFIC LINERS

Great Northern Railway Company Building Several Large Steamers.

Wreck of the Collier San Benito Off Point Arena on Sunday.

Seattle, Nov. 23.—Samuel Hill, president of two of the large branches of the Great Northern railway, accompanied by John F. Stevens, chief engineer of the Great Northern, arrived here last evening from St. Paul. Mr. Hill, in talking about the affairs of the Great Northern, said that the company was just beginning to put into effect plans for increasing the traffic of the road. Four large steel steamers are now under construction. Two of these are now being built on the Clyde, Scotland, and two in this country. They will soon be completed. President Hill, of the Great Northern, inspected two of these vessels a short time ago, and is very much pleased with them. It is thought that these steamers will be put into the Asiatic trade and ply between Seattle and the Orient. They will be the largest and have the finest appointments of any vessels now plying in the waters of the Pacific ocean.

It will be necessary to furnish these vessels with plenty of freight. There is more flour sent to China than of any other product. It is probable that the millers at Minneapolis, St. Paul and along the line of the road will be given an opportunity to send their flour to Japan and China. The plan, it is said, is to give them a low rate to secure the traffic, and then to send back the cars that brought the flour with shingles. Thus there would be traffic for the road both coming and going. As it is now, the company has to send a number of empty cars out here to get shingles, and the consequence is that the profits are cut down greatly.

Steamship San Benito, from Tacoma for San Francisco with Carbon Hill coal, went ashore seven miles north of Point Arena Sunday morning about 1 o'clock. She broke up on a sand bar and eight men of her crew of forty-four were drowned. A severe storm prevailed and Captain Smith, it is thought, lost his bearings. The men drowned lost their lives in attempts to reach the shore after the vessel broke up. Several hours later a seaman who tried to swim ashore with a life line was drowned, the wrecker Whitelaw and steamer Point Arena reached the scene of the wreck as soon as they could get there and gave assistance in rescuing the crew. The San Benito has been plying between San Francisco and Tacoma since the steamer San Pedro was wrecked near Victoria in 1891. For a year previous she had been running to Comox, B. C. The Southern Pacific brought her around from Newport News in 1890. She made the round trip between Tacoma and San Francisco every eleven days and in the summer season carried 5,500 tons per trip. The San Benito was a four masted iron steam vessel of 3,651 tons. She was 350 feet long, and was built in Glasgow in 1884. For years she has been used as a collier by the Southern Pacific to carry coal from Tacoma to San Francisco.

Port Townsend, Nov. 23.—A gale of wind from the east prevailed off Cape Flattery on Saturday. The tugs Astoria and Pioneer were each forced to abandon inward-bound tows. The telegraph lines are prostrated. Heavy rains have washed away many bridges and done considerable damage to farming property.

On Sunday evening the Kinshiu Maru, the big liner of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, left Seattle for the Orient.

The steamer Rapid Transit is discharging 1,600 sacks of nitrate at the Victoria Chemical Works.

The Alki will leave Seattle for Alaska on Friday next.

PASSENGERS.

Passengers per steamer Rosalie from the Sound: O. M. Roberts, Miss Roberton, Mr. Rainbow, Miss Hart, Mr Brown, Mrs. Barlow, P. Peterson, D. Wall, M. Maul.

Per Str. Yosemite from Westminster—Miss Robertson, Mrs. Haynes, W A Dier, J A Lawless, J Atherton, R Ker, G L Courtney, W Christie, F Clareey, Mr and Mrs Hatterman, Stanford Goosley, D W Gillies, J Prentice, Geo Robertson, W H Schevern, R S Robinson, Alex Cameron, J Cowsell.

CONSIGNEES.

Consignees Rosalie from the Sound: John Wilson Co., John Wilson Co., J. H. Todd & Son, Sylvester F. Co., Jay & Co., Wm. Dodds.

Per Str. Yosemite from Westminster—Dom Exp Co Hamilton Powder Co, R Porter & Sons, C R King, Geo Everton, F Cuwly, Miss E DesBresay, F M Battenbury, H J Brady & Co, Ying C Lung, R Beauchamp, R H Wood, R Lettice, Mrs. G Cutler, B C Market Co, R Ward & Co, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Vajo & B, G McKay, B & K M Co, R H Burn, Louk Yuen, McNeil & M, Vict T & D Co, E P Chapman, McGregor & Son, T B & Co.

—The Columbia toilet set is the prettiest thing (of that class) to be seen. Weiler Bros.

REGINA V. LAWRENCE.

The Case Taken Up in Speedy Trials Court To-day.

The Lawrence case was called at 10 o'clock before Mr. Justice McColl, when the charges, three in all, were read to the accused. Before the accused pleaded, Mr. Mills upon his behalf, took the objection that only one charge could be laid under the speedy trials act, but his lordship overruled him, stating that as the accused was allowed to elect he hoped that the counsel on his behalf would raise no further objection but go on with the case without further delay, and not raise objections that would necessarily delay the speed of the case.

Mr. Cassidy then opened the case shewing briefly the evidence that he intended to bring in support of the charge and the business dealings Mr. McCallum (the prosecutor) had with the accused in regard to the purchase of the interest in the mines in question. After Mr Cassidy had finished his address Mr. Helmcken asked for an adjournment for the purpose of consulting with Mr. Bodwell, and his lordship granted the adjournment until 12 o'clock.

Mr. McCallum was, when the case was again called, the first on behalf of the Crown to give evidence. He testified as to his introduction to the accused and the propositions laid before him by the accused, and as to his purchase from the accused of an interest in five mineral claims at Goldstream for the sum of $1,500; when ready to complete the purchase how he had gone to the accused's residence for the purpose of completing the transaction and was informed by the accused that as he could not arrange for the purchase of the interest in the claims on the basis on which the accused had sold to him he was told by the accused that he would have to pay the sum of $2,250 instead of $1,500 for the interest. Having taken into consideration the high assays of the rock which purported to be from these claims he agreed to pay the accused the amount asked. He thereupon gave the accused a cheque for $500, a note of hand for $700 and the balance by a conveyance of certain properties in New Westminster. He also went on to show how he after going out to the claims at Goldstream had come into town for the purpose of seeing the accused and of the wordy interview with the accused at his residence, when counsel, on behalf of the accused, objected, and a long argument ensued as to the rejection of evidence in regard to the interview at the house.

Mr. McCallum was then cross-examined by Mr. Bodwell as to his correspondence with the accused and his dealings generally with him.

Mr. Donaldson was then called and was being examined at the time of going to press.

The court will sit this evening in order to dispose of the case as speedily as possible.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Of the Cowichan Agricultural Society, Held at Duncan.

At the annual meeting of the Cowichan and Salt Spring Island Agricultural Association, held at Duncan, reports were read which showed the Association to be in a flourishing condition. The financial statement was found satisfactory. During exhibition day $217 was collected at the gate and $438 was distributed in prizes. The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, F. H. Maitland-Dougall; vice president, R. Musgrave; second vice president, H. T. Fall, directors, W. R. Robertson, W. C. Duncan, E. Lomas, J. McPherson, G. T. Corfield, A. Bell, J. Edgson, A. R. Wilson, C. A. M. Barkley and C. Livinstone; secretary-treasurer, G. Hadwen.

It was decided to hold the next exhibition on the 24th and 25th of September, 1897. A general discussion on the proposed Kootenay railway followed, the matter being disposed of by the following resolution, which was carried unanimously: "Moved by W. C. Duncan, seconded by A. R. Wilson, That the Cowichan Agricultural Society urgently recommend that the provincial government do their utmost to encourage the promotion and the building of the project known as the People's railway from the Coast to the Kootenay country, and that if possible the said government retain the full control of the said railway."

The executive committee were instructed to take action towards securing the proposed experimental farm on Vancouver Island. It is the intention of the executive committee to hold several meetings in the interests of agriculture during the winter months.

PERSONAL.

M. Baker returned yesterday from the Sound.

J. D. Prentice, Ashcroft, is at the Driard.

R. S. Robinson, Horsefly, is at the Oriental.

S. A. Brinker, of Port Townsend, is in the city.

J. H. Falconer returned on Sunday from Seattle.

Captain J. S. Gibson, of Chemainus, is in the city.

John B. and Mrs. Ashby, of Winnipeg, are at the New England.

The Misses Cornwall, of Ashcroft, are visiting friends in this city.

D. Gregory Smith, of Vancouver, and W. Houston, of Texada, are at the Oriental.

Fred Ford, Mrs. F. Playnes and Jas. Wilson, of Burnsyne Bay, are at the Occidental.

J. E. Atherton, Seattle, and J. F. Lawless, St. Paul, are among the recent arrivals at the Driard.

George L. Courtney, R. J. Ker and W. Christie returned last evening from a successful duck hunting expedition to Mud Bay.

W. J. R. Cowell returned from East Kootenay yesterday evening where he has been to examine several mining properties for some Victorians

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The Northern Pacific Railway is open for both freight and passenger business from Tacoma to Spokane, Kootenay points, and all points East and South. All trains are running on time as usual.

E. E. Blackwood, Agent.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.

SHIVER IF YOU WANT TO, THERE'S NO NEED TO

Cardigan Jackets . . .

here as warm, as heavy, as woolly as you'll find for $1.50 the city over, $1.25. You don't know what working comfort is till you've worn a Cardigan.

CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

WET FEET.

Cause colds, sickness, and no end of trouble, and one must be careful about footwear this weather. If yours is not strictly water-tight come and see us. We have cork-soled boots for ladies and men, Slater's rubber-soled boots for men, English K boots, gum boots, rubbers, etc. We can shoe you comfortably for moderate money. . . . . .

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

An Honest Tale...

Speeds best being plainly told. We carry the largest stock of English and Scotch Tweeds, Fine English Worsteds and Overcoatings in the city. We want you to call before placing your orders for winter garments, as we feel we can do just a little better for you than rival concerns. The best fit and workmanship. Prices the lowest.

Campbell & Co.
LEADING TAILORS, Cor. Broad Street and Trounce Ave.

ONTARIO . . .

Buckwheat Flour.

(SILVER GREY) Manufacturers say the color will sell it and flavor bring buyers back.

HARDRESS CLARKE.

The North Pole's Chilly...

and Victoria is not a tropical zone. These statements are not startling, but they will help to remind you that your home would be more comfortable with one of Perry's Improved Air Tight Heaters in it. A labor-saving device for people now on earth.

Perry's Sheet Metal Work,
Corner Broad Street and Trounce Avenue

Talk About Getting .·. Called Down! .·.

Say, we've just called our prices down out of sight, and we are going to give you the benefit of it.

We will not bother you about the new goods that are coming, but call your attention to goods on hand. We must make room. Call in and inspect our bargains. If you want to improve your figure come in and get a pair of Dr. Warner's corsets; they are the correct thing. Don't be afraid to come in; we are always glad to see you.

THE STERLING,
88 Yates Street, E. W. PRATT, Manager

They Say

A good salesman can sell anything. Our motto is "to sell you what you want," making customers and retaining them; not selling customers and losing them.

Jim Maynard's Boot and Shoe Store.
Douglas Street, Opposite City Hall.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

OLD GASCOYNE.

BY CHARLES LOTIN HILDRETH.

I had arisen very late and was dividing my attention between the remains of my breakfast and my newspaper, with no very keen interest in either, when there came a light, hesitating rap at my door.

"Come in!" I called, without troubling myself to get up from my seat.

The door opened with a slow, wavering motion, and an odd-looking personage entered the room, made me a very low bow and carefully closed the door behind him. He was an old man, 70 at least, I judged, small of stature, and feebler than his age would have warranted. His knotted, bony hands shook with the constant uncertain movement which is the result rather of weak mentality than of physical inability. His long, drizzled locks and beard-framed, pale, cadaverous face, out of which looked a pair of large, melancholy eyes in a sidelong, deprecating fashion, which seemed habitual.

I was not in a particularly expansive frame of mind myself at the moment, and it irritated me to see the old man there, crooking his knees and wagging his head, with what he evidently intended should be the most conciliating of salutes.

"Well" said I, sharply, "what do you want?" I thrust my hands into my pockets, in search of a small coin. "Pardon me!" huskily interposed the old man, comprehending my gesture, "you mistake my errand. I wished to ask if you are the Honorable Egbert Gallatin—Senator Gallatin?"

"I am Senator Gallatin. What then?"

"My—my mistress desires me to present you her card, and requests the favor of a brief interview."

I took the slip of pasteboard from his trembling fingers, and read:—

"Mme. Henriette Doncourt,
Paris."

I breathed more freely, Madame Doncourt, of Paris, was not likely to be one of those leeches which hang upon the legislative body, called "lobbyists"—a species I knew only too well.

"Madame Doncourt would be greatly obliged, sir," continued the old man, seeing that I was studying the card without reply, "if you would very kindly call upon her."

I put aside my paper, and, donning a black coat, signified to the old man that I would follow him. With slow and shuffling steps he led me along the corridor and up three flights of stairs to the fifth floor. The ancient fellow was evidently very decrepit, or very ill. With an impulse between pity and impatience I took his arm—how miserably thin it was!—and supported him with the vigor of my more youthful muscles.

"Come, friend," said I, "you are evidently in bad health. Lean upon me, and I will give you a lift."

He turned his gray, cadaverous face upon me with an expression of amaze.

"God bless you for a kind-hearted young gentleman," he muttered. "Perhaps I ought to tell—but no, I am not to blame. No, no, what can I do?"

With these enigmatic phrases he paused before a door and rapped. A woman's voice bade us "Enter!" and I passed into a handsome sitting-room. A lady, simply but exquisitely attired in a morning robe of rich texture, arose to welcome me. During the second in which I stepped forward to accept her offered hand, I received what might be called a photographic impression of her. She was distinctly the most beautiful woman I had ever seen. She was very tall, but her proportions were so perfect that her height was not apparent. The dress she wore outlined and accentuated the magnificent sweep and curve of her noble figure. Every movement she made, every gesture, was marked by a certain sinuous grace, which might have been termed leonine, had it not been so exquisitely feminine.

Her face was in full keeping with her figure. The complexion was clear and pale, with no trace of color in the cheeks, but of a waxen, transparent hue, which suited well her dark auburn hair, glimmering with flecks of red gold as she moved in the light of the morning sun, stealing between the narrow partings of the window curtains. Her mouth would have been beautiful, but for a certain firm compression, something hard and scornful, which seemed not to belong to it naturally. Her eyes were very large, steel gray and wonderfully brilliant. Such was Henriette Doncourt as I first beheld her.

"It is kind of you, sir," she said, in a low, musical tone, "to grant a few moments of your time to an entire stranger."

"In what way can I be of assistance to you, madame?" I asked, seating myself near her.

"I hardly know how to explain myself," said the lady, with downcast eyes and bosom heaving with emotion. "Perhaps I had best speak frankly!" She bent upon me the full glory of her eyes—such eyes, certainly, I had never seen before. "I am American, by birth," she went on, "though I married in France. At the death of my husband, Monsieur Doncourt, I resolved to return to the country of my birth. But now that I am here, I find all my relatives and friends of the old days either dead or dispersed. Monsieur Doncourt used frequently to speak of an old college companion, Egbert Gallatin, at the Lycee. Last night utterly broken-hearted, lonesome, friendless, I saw your name in a paper, and, to my great joy, discovered that you were a guest in this hotel."

"Yes," I responded, "I remember Doncourt at the Lycee. We were not very close companions, it is true, but that shall make no difference in the services I shall endeavor to offer his widow. Command me, madame."

"Do not mistake me, dear Mr. Gallatin," replied the beautiful woman. "All I ask of you is simple friendship. I have ample means. But I am so utterly alone in this great country, where I expected to find the love of relatives and old associates, that the sight of a kindly face, now and again, will be all that I can require."

"If mine will serve your purpose, madame," I said warmly, "you may count upon it."

I am 40 years old, and a cynic, as far as the passions go; but I left that room—shall I call it in love? Well, at least as utterly befogged and fascinated by that wonderful woman, as ever a schoolboy was by the smile of a girl.

During the days that followed, I visited her frequently, and at every visit the fascination grew and deepened upon me. In the beginning my passion for her was tinctured with something like a doubt. I was oppressed with—no I cannot call it distrust, but I was not satisfied. There was a jar, a discord, a want, somewhere—but it was in myself, I knew perfectly well—in my own cold, suspicious, world-hardened nature. But faith grew with love, and there came an hour when I gave myself up completely and without question to that beautiful and gentle woman, the first and only passion of my tumultuous life.

The old servant, Gascoyne, puzzled me not a little. I had always felt a profound pity for him and had never failed to speak kindly to him. Evidently I had won his regard. But I could not understand his actions. Two or three times, when I met him on the stairs on my way to his mistress' room, he had detained me as if he had meant to tell me something. But his courage seemed to fail and he had gone off, groaning and muttering to himself in the imbecile fashion habitual with him.

Once, as I paused, at Henriette's door before knocking, I heard the old man's voice raised in loud, quavering accents:

"I tell you, I won't have it. He has been kind to me and I won't have him made game of."

"I think you had better attend to your own affairs," replied the clear, cold voice of Henriette, "I do not require your advice. Leave me."

The old man came stumbling out of the apartment. As he saw me, he caught me convulsively by the arm.

"Don't go in there," he whispered, hoarsely. "Don't, sir, don't! Go away. Don't see her again. I warn you, she—"

"Gascoyne, who is there?" asked the calm, sweet voice of his mistress from within. The old man seemed actually to collapse. His hand dropped from my sleeve, and his head dropped in its habitual attitude of humility.

"Mr. Gallatin, madame," he responded, hastily. "Why, don't you go in, sir? She expects you."

"I am afraid I shall have to pension poor Gascoyne," she said, gently, as I entered and seated myself near her. "He grows more eccentric and troublesome every day. Yet I shrink from doing so. He has been in my family since my mother was a young girl."

I was called away from the hotel the same night upon sudden and urgent business. During the journey I came to a fixed resolution. If Henriette Doncourt would accept me I would make her my wife. And I had hope—yes, if my experience of women went for anything, she loved me. The old haze of doubt had cleared away from my mind. There was no longer a discordant note in the anthem of love which my heart sang. I reached the city on my return, an hour before midnight. As I drove toward the hotel a fire engine dashed past with clangor of bells, trampling of hoofs, and shouting of the rabble. The sky grew lurid red over the housetops as we approached our destination, and finally the driver pulled up, sharply.

"Can't take you any farther, sir," he said. "Your hotel is afire."

And Henriette! I sprang out of the cab, pushed my way through the crowd, thrust aside the policemen who would have stayed me, and arrived in the street before the blazing building. My own rooms upon the second floor were all aflame; but I gave no heed to them. My gaze was fixed upon Henriette's windows on the fifth floor. A thick cloud of black smoke was pouring from them. I caught a passing fireman by the arm and shouted a frantic question in his ear.

He shook his head. He did not know who had escaped, or who yet remained in the burning edifice. At this instant a wild, universal shriek from the crowd drew my attention to the burning building again. There, in one of the windows on the fifth floor, stood a weird figure, it was that of an old man, waving his arms in passionate appeal to those below. I recognized him; it was Gascoyne!

"Jump! jump!" "No, don't jump!" "Wait!" "Ladders! laddders!" "Hurry! there! shove up those ladders!" "Great heaven! he will be burned to death!" "Where are those ladders?"

Amid such a confusion of cries, uniting in the awful roar of voices, the firemen worked with desperate haste. Ladders were fastened together and raised to the window; and even before they fell into place, a gallant fellow was leaping upward from rung to rung. With my heart beating so fiercely that it seemed as if I must be suffocated, I stood gazing dazedly at the fearful scene before me.

"Too late! too late!" groaned the crowd, as the flames began to shoot, in spiteful orange-hued tongues from the top of the casement. Suddenly the old man disappeared. "He is gone! He is gone!"

But just as the fireman reached the sill, the weird figure reappeared at the window, bearing in his arms the inanimate body of a woman. Weak and tremulous as I had known him, Gascoyne seemed now endowed with the vigor of a giant. He passed his burden to the fireman, who bore it rapidly down the swaying ladder

For a moment the forms of rescuer and rescued were hidden by a cloud of smoke which had eddied across them, then I beheld them again near the ground. But meantime, either weakened by the double weight, or attacked by the flames, the upper portion of the laddder had bent sidewise and the old man's escape was cut off.

He stood at the window with his hands clasped before him, apparently heedless of the agonizing cries of the crowd beneath. The brilliant light falling upon his aged features, revealed them transfigured. To me, at least, there seemed something almost holy, certainly sublime, in the calm resignation of the smile with which he gazed downward. Then—oh! I could not bear to look!—there was a roar, a crash, a volcano of flame and sparks—and old Gascoyne had sealed his sacrifice.

I found Henriette Doncourt reclining upon a sofa in temporary lodgings. I was shocked at the awful change which had taken place in her. Her face was ghastly; her eyes hollow, wild, gleaming with fever. Her whole aspect was that of one standing perilously near the verge of madness.

"You have come," she cried as I approached her couch, "you have come to hear my confession. Egbert Gallatin, do you know what I am? I will tell you. An adventuress. Yes, just that. Trading upon my beauty, I have made men my game. I should have married you, because you are rich, and because, yes,"—she smiled drearily—"I almost think I loved you. I meant to make you my victim, as I have done scores before you, but, who knows?—there is always a seam in the stoutest armor. But if you desire revenge, listen!—" she paused and drew her breath heavily. "Old Gascoyne, the servant, the drudge who gave his life for mine last night was—"

She sank back upon her pillow and lay looking up at me with fever-bright eyes a moment—

"My father."

She pointed mutely to the door, and without a word, I went.

B. C. GOLD FIELDS.

Mr. Ward Calls English Attention to the Board of Trade's Report.

The following letter appears in the Pall Mall Gazette of Nov. 4:

Sir,—Appreciating the prominence you have hitherto accorded communications relating to British Columbia, particularly with regard to its vast mineral resources, I venture to direct attention to a recently-issued report of the British Columbia Board of Trade, Victoria, copies of which will shortly be obtainable on application to the agency of the British Columbia government, 39, Victoria street, S.W.

It contains, in a condensed and simple form, a budget of valuable information not to be generally found in such publications. The report and statistics are of a reliable character, and include special references to the rapidly increasing mining operations in Kootenay, Cariboo, and Alberni, with the actual yield for the year ended June 30; excellent illustrations, too, are not the least interesting features.

The forest and fishing wealth, shipping, the sealing industry, agriculture, railways, imports and exports are all dealt with. While the imports show a large annual increase, and the contributions of the province to the common treasury in duties and inland revenue reach upwards of $1,700,000, it is more satisfactory to note the exports have exceeded those of any previous year, and approximate $10,500,000.

Now that the population of the country is likely to rapidly increase chiefly by reason of its mining attractions, agriculture will doubtless receive more attention than heretofore, and furnish its share of the more permanent class of settlers so desirable in a new country. In this connection it might be pointed out that, apart from agricultural products bought by British Columbia in Eastern Canada, estimated for one year at $1,500,000 in value, the province actually imported from foreign countries for the year ended June 30, 1895, products of agriculture and its branches, such as can be produced within the country, amounting in value to $740,000, and paid duty thereon $198,000.

The lands of the lower Fraser river, besides many other desirable locations on the mainland and Vancouver Island will probably now be taken advantage of, and if the large outgo for produce can be checked by successful agricultural pursuits, the gain to the country is difficult to estimate. A British province of nearly 400,000 square miles in area possessing such an immense variety of resources and an unrivalled climate, is but practically only on the eve of development. With all these great advantages there can hardly be a shadow of doubt as to the future of what is now looked upon as the gem of the Dominion. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

ROBERT WARD,
Ex-President B. C. Board of Trade (1888-1892).
70 Basinghall street, E. C., Oct. 29.

THE "BIG" FOUR

A Quartette of Remedies That are Effective.

Dr. Chase's four great remedies are Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, Dr. Chase's Ointment, Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, and Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, his latest and greatest discovery for all throat and lung affections.

"I was sick for three years," says James Simpson, of Newcomb Mills. "I tried various alleged patent cures and several boxes of a certain pill which has been greatly cracked up. I got no relief. Then I tried Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Since I have been able to work every day and feel like a new man. Your pills alone cured me at a cost of 25c."

"I have been subject to severe colds every fall and spring," says Miss Hattie Delaney, of 174 Crawford street, Toronto. "I used many cough medicines, but none cured me until at a cost of 25 cents I tried Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

"My husband was troubled with the worst kind of piles," writes Mrs. Jane Potts, of Meyersburg. "He was often unable to work. Since using your Chase's Ointment he is completely cured. It is truly worth its weight in gold instead of the price you charge, only 60 cents."

"I bought a box of your Catarrh Cure for 25 cents at Mr. Boyle's drug store here," says Henry B. Nicholls, of 176 Rectory street, London, Ont. "I am thankful to say it cured me."

Chase's remedies at all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

How to Cure Bilious Colic.

I suffered for weeks with colic and pains in my stomach caused by biliousness and had to take medicine all the while until I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which cured me. I have since recommended it to a good many people. Mrs. F. Butler, Fairhaven, Conn. Persons who are subject to bilious colic can ward off the attack by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms appear. Sold by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Chase and Sanborn's Coffee

The *quality* of the *Coffee* we sell under our *trade mark* is our best advertisement.

This Seal is our trade mark, and guarantees perfection of quality, strength and flavor.

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD

Are Fixed Upon South American Nervine.

Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES

A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.

In the matter of good health temporizing measures, while possibly successful for the moment, can never be lasting. Those in poor health soon know whether the remedy they are using is simply a passing incident in their experience, bracing them up for the day, or something that is getting at the seat of the disease and is surely and permanently restoring.

The eyes of the world are literally fixed on South American Nervine. They are not viewing it as a nine-days' wonder, but critical and experienced men have been studying this medicine for years, with the one result—they have found that its claim of perfect curative qualities cannot be gainsaid.

The great discoverer of this medicine was possessed of the knowledge that the seat of all disease is the nerve centres, situated at the base of the brain. In this belief he had the best scientists and medical men of the world occupying exactly the same premises. Indeed, the ordinary layman recognized this principle long ago. Everyone knows that let disease or injury affect this part of the human system and death is almost certain. Injure the spinal cord, which is the medium of these nerve centres, and paralysis is sure to follow.

Here is the first principle. The trouble with medical treatment usually, and with nearly all medicines, is that they aim simply to treat the organ that may be diseased. South American Nervine passes by the organs, and immediately applies its curative powers to the nerve centres, from which the organs of the body receive their supply of nerve fluid. The nerve centres healed, and of necessity the organ which has shown the outward evidence only of derangement is healed. Indigestion, nervousness, impoverished blood, liver complaint, all owe their origin to a derangement of the nerve centres. Thousands bear testimony that they have been cured of these troubles, even when they have become so desperate as to baffle the skill of the most eminent physicians, because South American Nervine has gone to headquarters and cured there.

The eyes of the world have not been disappointed in the inquiry into the success of South American Nervine. People marvel, it is true, at its wonderful medical qualities, but they know beyond all question that it does everything that is claimed for it. It stands alone as the one great certain curing remedy of the nineteenth century. Why should anyone suffer distress and sickness while this remedy is practically at their hands?

For Sale by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

The Fountain of Life

Strings of vision, spots before the eyes, loss of sleep, loss of vigor, restlessness, all give way to clear sight, to rest, to strength, when you use the

Circulars —OF— HUDYAN FREE.

GREAT HUDYAN

Hudyan stops the premature condition of the body, Hurdyan cures certain cases of lost manhood. Hudyan cures nervous debility, nervousness.

FREE

Circulars and Testimonials.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
Stockton, Market and Ellis Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a transfer from myself to R. J. Russell, of the City of Victoria, of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail at the Omineca Saloon, Government street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1896.

nov5-1m HORATIO WHITE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, B. C., application will be made for a transfer to Ross J. Ferguson of the retail liquor license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonial Hotel, Johnson street, Victoria, B. C.

Dated this 6th day of November, 1896.

nov6 (Signed.) GEORGE DOUGHERTY.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the second Wednesday in the month of December next, that the temporary permission granted on the 22nd day of October, 1896, for the transfer from Hy. Hutber and Chas. Dixon to Kiarntes Metro of the retail liquor license issued to the said Hy. Hutber and Chas. Dixon, for the premises known as the Albion Saloon, Yates street, may be ratified and extended, and that the said license may be transfered to the said Kiarntes Metro.

Dated at Victoria, this 4th day of November, 1896.

HY. HUTBER,
nov3-1m CHAS. DIXON.

NOTICE.

Application for a transfer of the Wilson Hotel liquor license to M. H. McCabe will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at their sitting, of the license held by us.

Victoria, B. C., 20th October, 1896.

nov3 M. H. McCABE,
C. M. DAVING.

NOTICE.

At the next meeting of the Licensing Commissioners, on December 9th, 1896, application will be made by Mr. Jensen for the transfer of the liquor license now held by me for the Occidental Hotel, Victoria, B.C., to Walter Harris Porter.

nov3 WM. JENSEN.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at its next sitting, for a transfer to John Byrne of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail, upon the premises know as the Hotel, Victoria, Government street, in the City of Victoria.

Victoria, B. C., 3rd November, 1896

nov3 WM. WILSON.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, B.C., application will be made for a transfer to J. March and D. Clarke of the retail liquor license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the St. George's Hotel, Esquimalt road, Victoria, B. C.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1896.

(Signed) F. G. NORRIS.

To the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the City of Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the City of Victoria at its next sitting, for a transfer of my retail liquor license to sell wines, spirits and fermented liquors at the premises known as the Duck Building, situate on lots 139A. and 140A., block 9, Broad street, in the City of Victoria, to John Albert Johnson, of the said City of Victoria.

Dated this 2nd day of November, 1896.

nov3 SIMEON DUCK.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, intend to apply at the next regular sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, B.C., for a transfer to Nicholas Condogeorge of the retail liquor license now held in the names of Carlo Bossi and Rosa Bossi, for the sale of liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Russ House, Johnson street, Victoria, aforesaid.

Dated this 23rd day of October, 1896.

S PERRY MILLS,
Administrator, with will annexed, of the estate of Rosa Bossi, deceased.

A. V. BOSSI,
E. A. BOSSI,
Executors of the late C. Bossi. oc31-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the City of Victoria, at its sitting to be held on the 9th day of December, 1896, for a transfer of my retail liquor license to sell wines, spirits and fermented liquors at the premises known as the Teutonia Saloon, situate on portion of Lot 182E., 112 Government street, in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, to Frederick Lewis Smith, of the said City of Victoria.

Dated this 7th day of August, 1896.

oc29-1m ANNIE BAUMGART.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting as a Licensing Court, for a transfer to Timothy Collins and Frank Lawson, carrying on business under the name of Collins & Lawson, of my interest in the License issued to myself, for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors upon the premises known as the Victoria Hotel Saloon, upon the corner of Fort and Douglas streets, in the City of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, October 15th, 1896.

(Signed) WM. O'CONNOR.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, executors of Carlo Bossi, deceased, intend to apply at the next regular sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, B. C., for a transfer to William Field of the retail liquor license now held by us for the sale of liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, Pandora street, Victoria, aforesaid.

Dated this 8th day of October, 1896.

A. V. BOSSI,
E. A. BOSSI,
Executors of Carlo Bossi deceased.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the second Wednesday in the month of December next, application will be made to the Board that the temporary permission granted on the 6th day of October instant, by the Mayor for the transfer from Simon Leiser to Dora Voss of the retail liquor license issued under sub-section 6 of section 204 of the Municipal Act, 1892, to Simon Leiser for the premises known as the Queen's Hotel, situate at the corner of Store and Johnson streets, in the City of Victoria, may be ratified and extended and that the said license may be transferred to the said Dora Voss.

Dated this 26th day of October, 1896, at the City of Victoria.

oc27-1m SIMON LEISER.

British Columbia.

BOUNDARY CREEK.

Boundary Creek Times.

The greatest inconvenience has been occasioned by the U. S. custom house officers at Marcus refusing to allow Canadian teamsters to haul freight from that place consigned to merchants here. To retaliate the Canadian officer has prevented Americans from crossing the line with loaded wagons from Boundary. We are glad to state that this unsatisfactory state of affairs will soon be placed on a more satisfactory basis. This matter has been drawn to the attention of Mr. Corbin, president of the Spokane and Northern Railway Co., who has written to the authorities at Ottawa and Washington with regard to effecting an arrangement of an equitable nature.

Ed. McMynn, who is doing the assessment work on the Sunnysides, in Providence camp, has struck some very fine ore resembling closely that found on the Snowshoe. The ore is found in pockets at the present time, but there are strong grounds for believing that a strong ledge will be uncovered when the shaft is down another few feet.

After this year's assessment work had been done on the Bank of England, Greenwood camp, the fact that a parallel ledge to the discovery lead ran through the claim was satisfactorily proved, and some very rich copper ore was taken therefrom. The lead, which is thought to be a continuation of the Rawhide, is estimated to be 60 ft. wide.

Some very promising claims have been located this fall in the vicinity of Rock Creek, notably the Excelsior, carrying copper and iron sulphurets, the Oro Fino, the Oro Grande, the Apache Chief and the Hecla, staked by Messrs. Douglas, Atwood and Wake. These claims are situated immediately east of Rock Creek on the mountain across the river. No work has yet been done on the properties but the assays made from blossom rock are good, running 15 ounces in silver, 10 per cent. copper, with a little gold.

NEW DENVER

The Ledge.

The Last Chance is shipping ore.

The Neepawa will ship a carload of ore this week.

The Bluebird will probably ship one hundred tons of ore this winter.

On Friday at a depth of sixty feet another large chute of ore was struck on the Pinelog, one of the Bondholder group.

Two Red Mountain claims, not many miles from New Denver, are about to be bonded to Winnipeg men for $35,000.

H. Fife has recently had an assay made from his Gold Blow claim which ran over $1,000 in gold to the ton. He would not sell now at any figure.

Captain Woods reports that there is no danger of his company dropping the bond on the Two Friends. They have about enough cash on hand from shipments to meet the next payment, which falls due at once.

It is reported that the California is about to be bonded to G. B. D. Turner for $60,000, 10 per cent. down. J. B. Hastings went up the hill yesterday to look at the property, and as he experts for Gooderham and Blackstock, it is likely that the Toronto people have their business eye also on the California.

Eleven men were put to work on the Fisher Maiden last week. This property is to be Crown granted and a company incorporated in Spokane to work it.

The wind howled around the camps about Ten Mile last Friday night. Pilon and Marino were about to go to bed in their tent at the Dalhousie, when a dry slide came down and just missed burying the tent and its occupants. The boys had to plunge through four feet of snow to the Nepawa, where they secured quarters for the night.

The contract has been let to haul the Enterprise ore and when the animals arrive from Colorado the work will be begun. The first shipment will be sacked. Later on the ore will be stripped in bulk.

GRAND FORKS.

Grand Forks Miner.

For the past few months rumors have been freely circulated that the Boneta people intended working their claim all winter, but as the weeks went by and nothing was done each successive rumor gradually died out, only to be succeeded by another more positive than the last. At last, however, the rumors have ended in fact and work has actually begun. A contract has been let for 100 feet of tunnel to be run on this property between now and spring, a force of men is now working, and all day long the heavy shots from the works are heard in the town.

Two other mines on the mountain also began operations yesterday and will be developed quite extensively this winter. They are the Grand Forks and Grey Eagle, which were purchased only last week by Judge Ward Spinks, who has already started forces of men to work on both these properties with the intention of pushing development until their value was fully proven.

John Keyser has struck a fine free milling quartz ledge on the Beaver claim about three miles north of town in what is known as the quartz region.

A $20 gold assay was recently taken from a fifteen foot level on the Ready Cash, which is situated on Pass creek and owned by Casey, Anderson and Gaffert.

A recent assay taken from the level on the Tacoma claim, one of the Boulevard group on the North Fork, ran as high as $8 in gold and 7 per cent. in copper.

QUESNELLE.

B. C. Mining Journal.

Last week the remains of Dan. McDonald, a carpenter and resident of this place for some years, was buried in the cemetery at Quesnelle. He had been on Sunday at Alexandria, and was returning late at night, when near the house of Mr. Andre he stumbled over a trough by the roadside and fell heading down, a distance of four feet. Next morning Mr Andre found his lifeless body lying on his face. A coroner's jury was called by Mr. W. Stevenson, coroner, and the verdict was that his neck was dislocated by the fall. Dan. McDonald was much respected, and it is said that he came to this country from Owen Sound, Ont.

Mr. G. Betts, C.E., has come up to take Mr. Seymour Baker's place in the management of the claim known as the Baker claim, situated near the mouth of the Cottonwood. Mr. Baker intends shortly to return to England. The chief work this winter is running a thousand foot tunnel for the purpose of connecting ditches.

Mr. Sydney Williams, surveyor, has returned from a successful trip to the Chilcoten, where he had been combining business and sport. He secured four big horns and a couple of deer. The largest specimen of the big horn measured fifteen inches.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

A young farmer named Jeremiah Israel was accidentally killed at Mt. Lehman. He, with a companion, were getting out timber, and, in felling a tree, the top broke off, and, falling, struck the unfortunate young man on the head, killing him instantly. Israel was well and favorably known in the district.

GOLDEN.

Golden Era.

The largest snowfall in the history of the country took place the latter end of last week, there being over three feet on the level.

Hon. Col. Baker arrived from Ottawa on Friday of last week on his way to Victoria. In the evening he addressed a meeting of his constituents in the Queen's hotel. In the course of his remarks the colonel stated that he had been authorized to announce to the people of Donald, as he passed through, that the C.P.R. shops at Donald were to be moved to Revelstoke. In that case the government offices, court house and goal would be moved to Golden.

LILLOOET.

B. C. Mining Journal.

Two claims, the Glengarry and Mayflower, situated on Cayouse creek and owned by Rod Chisholm and McDonald, were lately bonded to Cecil Smith for $11,000, paying $1,000 cash and the balance in less than a year. These are pretty good properties and with further development work will show up with the best of them. They are in close proximity to the Golden Eagle.

Hugh Keefer and Robert Skinner from Vancouver have been up Cayouse creek looking over different prospects and seem favorably impressed.

Captain Tatlow was also up Cayouse creek looking after some claims he owns, doing assessment work. These claims are under bond to an English company, who will open them up in the spring.

About fourteen men have been working on the Golden Cache trail, but will likely have to quit on account of the heavy snow fall. It was expected that machinery would be brought in for this mine this winter.

ASHCROFT.

B. C. Mining Journal.

About three feet of snow is on the ground at the Forks and work still continues at the big dam.

The ice in the Fraser river above Soda creek is solid and has given the steamer Charlotte considerable trouble. She is now in the vicinity of Alexandria, and is forging her way to Quesnelle. Unless a thaw comes she will have to be tied up for this season.

Two mountain goats were shot near the 59-Mile house a couple of weeks ago, and the Indians in the neighborhood predicted a hard winter, as it is seldom goats are found so close to civilization. So far the prediction has come true and from all appearances will hold good.

The thermometer at Ashcroft Friday morning registered 25 degrees below zero. At Clinton 30 degrees, at Murphy's this week and at Carpenter mountain it was down to 50 below. Friday morning was the coldest Barkerville has had this season. Could not find out from Soda Creek, but the operator said the thermometer was frozen up.

Rev. Turner, church of England minister, who met with such a sad accident near Hadwin a few weeks ago, is slowly recovering, but is badly shaken up, and is receiving good attention at the hospital at Lytton. With a few months' rest he will be able to get around again the same as ever. He will be taken to Vancouver as soon as the railroad opens up for business.

Thursday noon the large stable of the B. X. Co. at the 122-Mile house was burned to the ground, burning four horses, harness, and a large amount of grain and feed for the winter. The man in charge had gone to dinner and on returning found the building in flames, but too far gone to do any good. The loss to the company is in the neighborhood of $3,000.

J. D. Prentice, manager of the Canada Western Ranching Company, arrived in town Monday evening, having brought down from the up country ranches over 800 steers to be shipped to the Coast. They are at present at the Perry ranch, awaiting the opening of the railway for freight. Mr. Prentice had a full force of men with him and it took him two days at the ferry at Dog creek to cross the cattle.

Mr. Wm. MacIntosh, of Buckingham, Quebec, came down from Barkerville on Thursday's stage. He went up a few months ago to look after the quartz properties on Burns mountain owned by himself and associates, and has done considerable work this fall. The richness of the quartz of that section is without a doubt. The McArthur-Forrest system will be used. It will be only a short time until mills will be erected and in operation, the work in this rich district.

A Forty Year Old Grievance Removed

In Bath, Ont., Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are a standard remedy. Joseph Gardner, of this town, suffered for 40 years with indigestion and its ever present accompaniments—constipation and headache. K. & L. Pills are the only remedy that gave him relief. 25s. a box, of all druggists. One pill a dose.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

REBUILDING.

The Old Broken-down House.

Keeping the Structure in Good Condition.

Filling It With Health, Comfort and Happiness.

When a house becomes dilapidated and beyond the possibility of repair, it is removed to make room for a structure that will have strength and permanency.

Our bodies, when not properly cared for, become frail, weak and broken down, and when the work of rebuilding is not commenced in time, death surely claims the wasted and worn out frame, and it is removed forever. Can we rebuild our wasted bodies? Yes; the work can be done even though the spark of life glimmers but fitfully and feebly. This work of rebuilding is done through the use of Paine's Celery Compound, that marvelous medicine which has brought new life to so many in the past. This heaven-sent remedy acts directly on the great nervous system, giving new strength to every nerve, makes fresh vitalizing blood, increases weight and gives fresh power to every bone and muscle.

When this is accomplished by Paine's Celery Compound, it is easy work to keep the rebuilt house or human structure in good condition. Ordinary care in diet, sleep and general living, will surely keep up the good work. Then will the rebuilt man or woman be filled with true health, comfort and happiness, and life will be worth living.

Will you, dear reader, rebuild your broken down system? The work can be accomplished by you if you call to your aid Paine's Celery Compound. No physician is required to aid you, and you have no heavy bill to meet after you are made well and whole. The work has been done for thousands of others; will you have your share of the good that it bestows?

BLENHEIM EN FETE.

Visit of the Prince of Wales to the Marlboroughs.

Woodstock, Eng., Nov. 24.—In honor of the visit of the Prince of Wales to the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, Woodstock and Blenheim were en fete yesterday. Decorations of the most elaborate description were universal. The railroad stations were made brilliant by scarlet and gold canopies, flags, colored lamps, and the streets leading to Blenheim Park gate were lined with Venetian masts festooned with colored lamps and innumerable flags, many of which were Stars and Stripes and Union Jacks, and everywhere there were loyal, welcoming mottoes. Triumphal arches, covered with foliage, bunting in profusion, lamps of all colors and the Prince of Wales' feathers were abundant. The palace had been thoroughly re-furnished. There was much new furniture and many new hangings, ornaments and art treasures, including Carolius Duran's full length portrait of the Duchess of Marlborough (formerly Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt), which is hanging in the first salon.

The most elaborate arrangements have been made for shooting parties throughout the week. There will be state dinners every night and a string band of fifty performers will furnish music during these repasts. Perkins, the organist from the Town Hall of Birmingham will play the great organ in the long library on Thursday, upon the occasion of the festivities for the people of the vicinity, who are expected by thousands. There will be a great torchlight procession by the thousands of laborers of Blenheim, and a display of fireworks surpassing anything seen outside of the Crystal Palace. The statue of the Duke of Marlborough will be illuminated and the procession will march from the statue past the palace. This will be followed by an illuminated bicycle parade in which Mr. A. J. Balfour Conservative leader of the house of commons and first lord of the treasury, is greatly interested. From the statue the procession will pass around the oval, facing the north front of the palace, where it will be received by the Prince of Wales. Friday there will be a concert at which the glee singers from Oxford College chapel will sing at the at the Prince of Wales' request.

ALL WOMEN

Have Confidence and Faith in Diamond Dyes.

No distrust, no fear, no disappointment when Diamond Dyes are used for home dyeing.

The little child and experienced housewife know that the Diamond Dyes are reliable, and therefore use them with perfect confidence.

It matters not how heavy, coarse, light or fine your materials may be; if you follow the short and plain directions success is yours, as far as beauty, brightness and fastness of color are concerned.

If you would study economy in time and money; if you would avoid failures, see that your dealer gives you the Diamond Dyes when you ask for them. Do not allow any storekeeper to foist on you his poor and worthless dyes which are put up to imitate the popular Diamond Dyes.

My friend, look here! you know how weak and nervous your wife is, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve her, now why not be fair about it and buy her a box?

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a transfer to E. G. Romane Quagliotti of the license held by me for the sale of liquors by retail, upon the premises known as the Nickel Plate Saloon, No. 85 Government street, in the City of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

Date this 16th day of November, 1896.

no 23-1m GEO. E. FISHER.

GEORGE FERRIS DEAD.

Invented and Built the Big Wheel Which Bears His Name.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 23.—George W. G. Ferris, who conceived and built the world famous Ferris wheel, died at Mercy hospital in this city yesterday of typhoid fever. His illness was brief, and it was only Friday that he was taken to the hospital. The attendant physicians say his system was greatly run down by overwork. His wife came here from Canton, O., yesterday, that she might be with her husband in his dying moments.

George Ferris was born at Galesburg, Ill., February 14, 1859. When he was very young the family moved to Carson City, Nev., and it was there the young wheelbuilder spent the years of his early boyhood. In 1876 he came East. He began a course at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, of New York city, in that year. In 1881 he graduated with high honors. In 1873 he accepted a position with the Louisville Bridge Company, of Louisville, Ky. It was while with that company he first visited Pittsburg. He came here to superintend the manufacture of the structural material to be used in the Louisville & Nashville railroad bridge at Henderson, Ky. After the completion of the contract Mr. Ferris engaged in the inspection of structural iron on his own account.

In 1887, while pursuing that vocation independently, the firm of G. W. G. Ferris & Co., of Pittsburg, was established. The concern still exists. In 1886 he was married to Miss Beatty, of Canton, O.

It was in 1892 that Mr. Ferris conceived the idea of the wonderful Ferris wheel that has attracted the attention of all people of the world, and which will go down in history as one of the greatest wonders of the century. The monster passenger wheel conceived by Mr. Ferris was built under his personal supervision in this city.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.*

TRANSPORTATION

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R'Y. COMPANY.

Until further notice the

S.S. "CITY of NANAIMO"

will sail as follows:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Monday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 "
" Victoria for Comox.....Wednesday, 5 "
" Comox for Victoria.....Thursday, 5 "
" Victoria for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 "
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 "

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R'Y. COMPANY.

Until further notice the morning train for Nanaimo will not leave Victoria until 10 o'clock, and the Saturday afternoon trains are cancelled.

JOSEPH HUNTER,
nov14 tf Gen. Superintendent.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7 A.M. Lv.....SPOKANE....Ar. 5:30 P.M.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p. m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m., same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:20 p.m. same days.

Still the Fastest.

BUFFET LIBRARY CAR ROUTE — GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY — TO ALL POINTS EAST.

ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points.

Overland leaves Seattle 10 p.m.; arives 7:30 a.m.

Coast line leaves Seattle 9:15 a.m.; arives 5:30 p.m.

For further information call on or address

R. C. STEVENS, G.W.P.A., Seattle. J. H. ROGERS, Agt, 75 Government st.

TO ALL

POINTS ON PUGET SOUND.

SS. "ROSALIE"

Leaves Victoria Daily at 10 a.m., except Sunday.

Arriving at Victoria Daily except Sundays at 3 a.m.

Leaves Seattle at 12:30 a.m., Daily except Sundays.

For tickets and information call on

J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government Street

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m
Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS.

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED.)

Time Table No. 28, Taking Effect November 1st, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Lasner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper's Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE

Steamer "Tees" leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

NORTHERN PACIFIC — YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

The only line running

2--DAILY TRAINS--2

—TO—

Spokane, St. Paul, Duluth, Grand Forks Winnipeg, Minneapolis, Fargo, Crookston, Helena.

Through Pullmam Sleeping Cars,

Elegant Dining Cars,

Upholstered Tourist Sleeping Cars

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and All Points East and South. Also to China and Japan via Northern Pacific S.S. Co.

The only all rail route to Nelson, B. C and Kootenay Gold Fields.

For full information, time cards, maps etc., call on or address

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B. C
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

FOR

Puget Sound Points.

TAKE THE FINE STEAMER

"City of Kingston"

Speed, 18 knots. Tonnage, 1147.

8 30 pm	Lv	M 1	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	Tacoma*...	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific tr'ns to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. Victoria, B. C.

Going to Chicago or Anywhere East?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul to Duluth reads via

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

(C. ST. P., M. & O. RY.)

Three (3) First-Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria, as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m. Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m., Chicago 9:45 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6 p.m.; St. Paul 6:35 p.m., Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express, has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 p.m. Daily. Famous Northwestern Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 16 Section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining Car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:30 a.m.

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TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From All European Points

FROM HALIFAX.

Allan Line, Mongolian .. .. .. Dec. 5
Dominion Line, Labrador.. .. Dec. 12

FROM ST. JOHN.

Beaver Line, Lake Huron.. .. Dec. 9
Beaver Line, Lake Superior .. Dec. 16

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line, Campania.. .... Dec. 5
Cunard Line, Umbria .. .... Dec. 12
White Star Line, Britannic .. Dec. 9
White Star Line, Majestic... Dec. 16
American Line, New York .... Dec. 9
American Line, St. Louis .. . Dec. 16
Anchor Line, Furnessia. .. .. Dec. 5
North Ger. Lloyd, Trave. .. .. Dec. 8
North Ger. Lloyd, Spree .. .. Dec. 15
French Line, La Bretagne .... Dec. 5
French Line, La Champagne . Dec. 12

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GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Cor. Fort and Govt. Sts., Victoria, General S.S. Agent.

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S.S. AUSTRALIA, for HONOLULU only, Dec. 5th, at 10 a.m.

Steamship ALAMEDA sails via HONOLULU and AUCKLAND for SYDNEY, Thursday, December 10th, at 2 p.m.

Line to COOLGARDIE, Aust., and CAPETOWN, South Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
Agents, 114 Montgomery Street.
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The shortest and cheapest route to the

Cariboo and Kootenay Gold Fields.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 27.

To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, November 2nd, 1896.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy only
	A. M.	P. M.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	8 00	3.20
Ar. Nanaimo	11.35	6.28
Ar. Wellington	12.01	6.55

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy only
	A. M.	P. M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8.20	3.30
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8.46	3.45
Ar. Victoria	12.20	7.00

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. "City of Nanaimo.

W D. OWEN, Master.

Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv. Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo....Friday 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y.

The magnificent steamers Umatilla, City of Puebla and Walla Walla ply between Victoria, B.C., and SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, carrying Her Majesty's mails.

Leave Victoria, B.C., for San Francisco 8 p.m.	Due San Francisco a.m.
Nov. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Dec. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28.	Nov. 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, Dec. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26-31
Leave San Francisco for Victoria, B.C., 9a m	Due at Victoria, B.C., a.m.
Nov. 5 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30.	Nov. 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Dec. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28.

The magnificent steamer City of Topeka leaves Victoria for Alaska Nov. 13, 28, Dec. 13 29, Jan. 12. Due back at Victoria Nov. 25, Dec 16, 25, Jan. 16, 24.

The Company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing dates.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, 61 & 63 Wharf St., Victoria, B C.
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MONMOUTHSHIRE, 4,000 tons, dead weight, due here Dec. 25.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

SEALERS' CLAIMS.

Most of the Claims Were Submitted to the Commission To-Day.

Amounts Claimed for Seizure and Interference With the Schooners.

At the sitting of the Behring Sea Commission yesterday Mr. Dickinson went on to say that one of the questions to be determined was whether it was not a fact that much of the property seized by the United States government was really owned by American citizens sailing under the British flag—in other words the question of citizenship must be decided. The United States government were as anxious as Her Majesty's government could be that the amount of the liability be fixed as speedily as possible. They were anxious to pay the last dollar when the amount is once fixed and whatever the amount may be the United States government will pay cheerfully and promptly. They approached the high commissioners with the same fairness as Her Majesty, but they could not open their case until the other side had closed theirs.

Mr. Peters said that as the question stood at present each case should be considered separately; we may go to San Francisco and we may not—that would be decided by the commissioners, either of whom could request it. As to bringing witnesses from San Francisco, they never intended that, but it could be reserved to put in further evidence in San Francisco in case it were found necessary. He agreed with all Mr. Dickinson had said as to the necessity and advantage of having the witnesses cross examined before the commission. The commission was not authorized to find a lump sum, and a separate finding was specially called for by section 3 of the convention, and claims have been separately drawn up. From the commissioners' extended experience as judges it was assured that the cases would be decided according to the well known principles of law, equity and justice.

Mr. Dickinson replied that he never intended that his friends opposite should put their case in altogether—they could put them in separately. The Paris tribunal saw enough of ex-parte affidavits. The commissioners here must see the witnesses under cross-examination. He did not want to disclose his line of attack on the other side's witnesses and evidence until it was all in, as otherwise they would be prepared for it. The whole theory of the convention is that the credibility of the witnesses be tested in the ordinary way.

He submitted that the other side must put in its claim on oral testimony and evidence if deemed proper and his side would meet it in the same way and meet it by oral evidence of witnesses summoned from the sealing community.

The rule was taken under advisement by the commission.

Mr. Peters said he would file the statements in several of the cases in the morning.

At 4:30 the commission adjourned.

It was 10:20 this morning when the Behring Sea Claims Commission opened.

Mr. Justice King stated that statements of claim in five cases had now been filed, and he asked Mr. Dickinson if he could give any idea as to what time would be needed to prepare the answers.

Mr. Dickinson replied that they were in the same position as yesterday, as it would be necessary for his side to see all the claims before preparing their answers.

Mr. Peters said that eleven claims were now filed, and the others, with one or two exceptions, would be filed today. In regard to the case of the Wanderer it might be a week before that claim could be prepared, as the owners were not here.

Mr. Dickinson said it was likely that they could prepare their answers within 48 hours after the claims were filed, and then it would simply be a question of getting them printed.

At 11 o'clock the commission adjourned until 3 p.m., when it is likely the rules will be announced.

The following is a synopsis of the claims already filed:

No. 1. The sealing schooner Carolena, of Victoria, on 1st August, 1886, in Behring Sea was seized by the U. S. cutter Corwin and taken to Ounalaska and condemned. The schooner was detained there until after December, 1887, when her return was offered but not accepted on the ground that the vessel had been practically wrecked in the meantime. For this $30,000 damages are claimed. At the time of the seizure James Ogilvie, master, and John Blake, mate, were arrested and detained at Sitka, and before their trial Ogilvie was suffered to wander into the woods, where he was found dead. Blake was tried for a violation of the municipal laws of the United States relating to seal fishing in the waters of Alaska, found guilty, fined $300 and imprisoned for 30 days, after which he was released, subsequently finding his way back to Victoria after incurring great hardship and loss in so doing. For the alleged wrongs to Blake and Ogilvie the sum of $2,500 is claimed in each case.

The claims all allege that under the facts as found in the award of the Paris Tribunal of Arbitration, the seizure, condemnation and detention of the said schooner was without any warrant or right according to the principles of international law, and Her Britannic Majesty claims that full and complete compensation should be made by the government of the United States for all loss thereby sustained.

No. 2. The sealing schooner Thornton, of Victoria, was seized 1st August, 1886, by U. S. cutter Corwin and dealt with the same as the Carolena, and by reason thereof sealing for the years 1886 and 1887 was wholly prevented. Damages of $32,000 are claimed. Hans Guttormsen, master, and Harry Norman, mate, were arrested and fined $500 and $300 respectively and each imprisoned for 30 days. After the expiration of their term of imprisonment they were wholly without means of subsistence, and no provision was made for them, and it was only after great hardship and loss they got back to Victoria. The sum of $2,500 for damages is claimed for each.

No. 3. The Onward on 2nd August, 1886, was seized by the Corwin and dealt with the same as the Carolena. $20,000 damages are claimed. Daniel Monroe, master, and John Margotich, mate, were fined $500 and $300 respectively and each imprisoned for 30 days, and for each $2,500 damages are claimed.

No. 4. The Favorite on 2nd August, 1886, while sealing in Behring Sea was hailed by the Corwin, which had then in tow the Carolena and the Thornton, and ordered to cease sealing and leave Behring Sea forthwith under threat of seizure, and her captain at once set sail and left as ordered. Damages to the extent of $7,000 are claimed.

No. 5. The Black Diamond on 1st July, 1886, at Ounalaska, was ordered out of Behring Sea by the U. S. collector of customs, who claimed that the Behring Sea belonged exclusively to the United States. The schooner was then prevented from sealing, and $7,500 damages are claimed.

No. 6. The W. P. Sayward while sealing on 9th July, 1887, was seized by the U. S. revenue cutter Rush and towed to Ounalaska and thence to Sitka, where she was condemned and detained until May, 1888, when she was released upon giving bonds for the prosecution of an appeal to the supreme court of the United States. Damages are laid at $31,000. George E. Ferey, master, and Andrew Laing, mate, were arrested and detained, but were subsequently released unconditionally. For their alleged wrongful arrest $2,000 for damages are claimed in each case.

No. 7. The Anna Beck on 2nd July, 1887, was seized by the Rush, taken to Ounalaska, condemned and sold. Damages at $38,000 are claimed. Louis Olsen, master, and Michael Keefe, mate, were arrested and detained for some time. For each a claim of $2,000 is made.

No. 8. The Alfred Adams on 10th August, 1887, was seized by the Rush and ordered to proceed to Sitka, but the Indian hunters on hearing that they were to proceed to Sitka became mutinous, whereupon the master proceeded direct to Victoria. Sealing during the year 1887, being thus wholly prevented, a claim of $25,000 damages is made.

No. 9. The Delphin, James Douglas Warren, master, and John Reilly, mate, on 12th July, 1887, was seized by the Rush, taken to Sitka, condemned and sold. Damages to the extent of $50,000 are claimed. The master and mate after their arrest were detained for some time and then unconditionally released. For the master's arrest $3,000 damages are claimed and for the mate's $2,000.

No. 10. The Grace on 17th July, 1887, was seized by the Rush and afterwards condemned and sold at Sitka. The damages are laid at $50,000. The master, W. Petit, was arrested and detained for a time, and for his wrongs $2,000 are claimed.

No. 11. The Ada, James Gaudin, master, and C. A. Lundberg, mate, was seized on 25th August, 1887, by the U. S. revenue cutter Bear, taken to Sitka and there condemned and sold. Damages are claimed to the amount of $37,000. For the allaged wrongs to James Gaudin $3,000 damages are claimed and to C. A. Lundberg $2,000.

All the above schooners were charged with a violation of the municipal laws of the United States relating to seal fishing in the waters of Alaska. In all cases interest at 7 per cent. per annum is claimed on the amount of the claim, to be computed from date of seizure.

The commission met at 2 this afternoon, Mr. T. P. Owens, of the Hansard staff, acting as stenographer for the British side, and Mr. Clay for the American; Mr. T. R. E. McInnes acts as chief clerk for Mr. Justice King, and Mr. Kuel Small, of the Portland bar, as chief clerk for Mr. Justice Putnam.

At the opening this afternoon Mr. Justice Putnam stated the rules as settled by the commission. They expected that counsel would exhaust all evidence at Victoria before any adjournment to San Francisco should be asked for.

Mr. Dickinson then stated that counsel on both sides are considering the terms of the convention as to the necessity of a meeting here, and in San Francisco to receive the arguments, and if there was any doubt as to the power to proceed east to hear arguments—say to Montreal—it might be well to advise their respective governments and obtain an interchange of diplomatic notes permitting a meeting in some Eastern city for the purpose of hearing argument and rendering the award.

Mr. Justice Putnam said so far as the commissioners were concerned there would be no objection, as the rules were so drawn that a change could be made if desired. He then announced that they would meet at 10:30 a.m., but counsel need not attend if not ready for business. There will be no sitting on Thursday, Thanksgiving day.

Mr. Peters filed claims 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16.

Rule 4, as settled reads thus: "Each claim shall be proceeded with separately, and the evidence thereon on both sides closed before the proceedings in any other claim are begun, except such evidence as may, by the consent of either commissioner, be adduced later.

DOESN'T AGREE WITH THEM.

Oscar Wilde and Mrs. Maybrick Suffering From Imprisonment.

London, Nov. 23.—From a high official connected with Her Majesty's prison at Wormwood Scrubbs, the Associated Press is furnished the following account of the prisoners, Mrs. Maybrick and Oscar Wilde:

"For any one who knew Mrs. Maybrick as I did, before her incarceration, she would not now be recognized. She is a complete mental and physical wreck. I wish to say right here that this condition is not due to prison confinement. While she is not insane her condition borders closely upon it. She has not been at Wormwood Scrubbs for many months, but is now in the smaller prison at Aylesbury, in Buckinghamshire. It is found that prisoners in her mental state require as much change as is consistent with prison regulations, and for this reason, she has been an inmate of so many prisons.

"While at Wormwood Scrubbs she was in the hospital for nine months in the year and her health has demanded like treatment at Aylesbury. She has grown thin and her cheek bones protrude in a manner most unpleasant to see. Her complexion is ghastly and her eyes have a haunted look. She has all the cunning of an insane person. This is shown by the fact that she has twice endeavored to commit suicide, once nearly successfully, despite the strict watch to which she is constantly subjected. One of these attempts was evidently made in an endeavor to convince the directors that she was suffering from internal hemorrhages, and she went too far. She subsequently made the same attempt and nearly succeeded. The attempt was by means of strangulation. Since these attempts the watch to which she has been subjected precludes any repetition of them.

"In talking with her once she said to me, 'I deserve all I have got.' This was significant, but her mental condition at the time was such that I did not attach much importance to her remarks. However, that may be, she was not, in my opinion, even proven guilty. I am firmly of the belief that she will not survive another year of prison life. She has now been in confinement since July, 1889.

"Ordinarily, imprisonment for life means twenty years, there being but few instances where prisoners have been confined on a life sentence after that period, unless some new and pointed facts in relation to their guilt have come to light in the interim. I also think the efforts to secure her relief that have come from America and elsewhere, and which have been in the nature of coercing the home office, have operated against her, and I also believe she will be set at liberty within a year."

The official was also asked regarding Oscar Wilde. He said:

"Wilde was also removed from the Scrubbs a short time ago. He is now at Reading. His health is also wretched, and he seems aged and broken down. He has spent much time in the hospital, and, like Mrs. Maybrick, has been frequently transferred, and for the same reason. While at the Scrubbs he was a model prisoner, so far as complying with the regulations was concerned, but his work was done in a perfunctory manner. I must decline to say at what labor he was employed. Like Mrs. Maybrick, I do not think he would survive another year of prison life, but fortunately for him, his sentence expires the last of March. Personally, I do not believe any petitions for his release will be granted."

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

FOOTBALL
MATCH POSTPONED.

The Rugby match between Victoria and Nanaimo teams which was to have been played in Nanaimo on Thanksgiving Day has been postponed. That day the Victoria team will have a practice game on the Caledonia grounds. The following will be the teams:

Captain's team—R. Petticrew, C. Gamble, K. Scholefield, C. Wilson, J. M. Miller (captain), B. F. Ward, H. B. Haines, G. Phillips, W. T. Williams, E. Scholefield, L. B. Trimen, V. Innes, M. W. O'Brien, W. R. Wilson and H. A. Goward.

Vice Captain's team—W. Englehart, Pooley, Pemberton, Byrn, A. C. Anderson, P. Daniels, Pinder, Austin, Macrae, L. Crease, A. D. Crease (captain), A. T. Goward, Atkins, Spain and Langley.

The postponed match between Victoria and the Navy will be played at the Caledonia grounds next Saturday afternoon. The race for the Hall cup will also be run on that date, weather permitting.

THE RING.
BAKER-JAMES.

Everything is in readiness for the fourth game contest at the Victoria Athletic club rooms to-morrow evening, and judging from the number of tickets that have been disposed of a large crowd will be present. Great interest is manifested in the event on the war ships and among civilians. There is considerable speculation as to the outcome, as both men are evenly matched. The affair is looked forward to with keen interest and all expect one of the best bouts for points ever given in Victoria. Tickets to be had at the Grotto, Delmonico and Pritchard house. Doors open at 9 o'clock. Boxing at 9:15 sharp.

WHAT IT MEANS.

War With Spain Would Mean War With Europe.

Paris, Nov. 24.—Le Figaro, commenting upon the relations between the United States and Spain in Cuba says: "The American newspapers which are egging the United States to war with Spain, should reflect that war with Spain means war with Europe and in the interest of the United States itself, it is hoped that this eventuality will not arise."

THEY SLASHED EACH OTHER.

Cleveland's Foreign Population Have a Little War.

Cleveland, Nov. 24.—Almost the entire Slavic and Hungarian population, living on Franklin Avenue hill, with the exception of the women and babies, turned out en masse last night in an effort to cut, stab and slash each others' heads. It was the bloodiest battle of the year around the river front and Columbus street districts. Blood of the combatants dyes the road and makes the scene of the battle a revolting spectacle. Fully forty men from the start to finish engaged in the terrible encounter. As far as can be learned at least twenty persons were more or less seriously injured, but only two will probably die.

—Clay pipes per S. Wythop, 350 gross different shapes. Morris', Colonist blk.

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Millinery

Newest Styles arrive weekly by express. . .

Dress Stuffs

Best value in the city. 15c. to $1.50 per yard.

Waterproofs

For 15 days we will offer them at cost. No lady should be without one . . . . . .

J. PARTRIDGE.

West Wellington Coal Co

(JORDAN MINE.)

Until further notice we will sell the Old Original Wellington Coal for

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—PER TON, DELIVERED.—

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Best Wellington Coal.

2,000 lbs.

$5.00.

Can be weighed on City Scales when ordered. City weighing fees 25c. charged.

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J. E. PAINTER,

25 Cormorant Street. Victoria, B.C.

Cash must accompany all orders.

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The Largest Manufacturers of

PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS and CHOCOLATES

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Caution: In view of the many imitations of the labels and wrappers on our goods, consumers should make sure that our place of manufacture, namely, Dorchester, Mass. is printed on each package.

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Know that to make a cake good baking powder and the finest flavoring extracts are necessary. GOLDEN WEST extracts and baking powder are absolutely pure. All good grocers keep them. They are the best.

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Invalid Wine

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PRIZE COMPETITION.

Every purchaser of goods FOR CASH to the amount of 25 cents or over, at our store between now and 10 p.m. on December 31st, will receive a coupon upon which to write AN ESTIMATE OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF COUPONS that will be received by us up to the hour of closing the competition. The party whose estimate is found to be nearest will receive

$50.00 IN GOLD

the second, third, fourth and fifth nearest will receive respectively $20.00, $15.00, $10.00 and $5.00 worth of goods, to be selected at will from our entire stock.

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Assays from Surface Ore:—$42.35, $42.96, $42.29, $53.90, $52.30, $85.25. Lead 20 feet wide, pay streak 3 feet.

Situated two miles from Rossland, B.C., has good shipping facilities and all other conditions favorable for a paying mine. Price of Treasury Stock seven (7) cents, subject to raise without notice.

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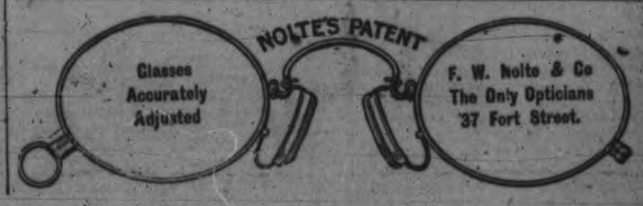
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